#### NOT FILED WITH THE SEC

THIS QUARTERLY REPORT IS BEING PREPARED PURSUANT TO REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED IN THE INDENTURE DATED AS OF JANUARY 23, 2020 GOVERNING THE 6.625% SENIOR NOTES DUE 2028 ISSUED BY ASHTON WOODS USA L.L.C., IN THE INDENTURE DATED AS OF AUGUST 2, 2021 GOVERNING THE 4.625% SENIOR NOTES DUE 2029 ISSUED BY ASHTON WOODS USA L.L.C., AND IN THE INDENTURE DATED AS OF SEPTEMBER 23, 2021 GOVERNING THE 4.625% SENIOR NOTES DUE 2030 ISSUED BY ASHTON WOODS USA L.L.C.

[X]	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE A	O SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1934
	For the quarterly period e	nded February 29, 2024
	OF	₹
[]	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE A	O SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1934
	For the transition period fro	m to
	Commission file I	Number: N/A
	Ashton Woods	S USA L.L.C.
	(Exact Name of Registrant a	as Specified in Its Charter)
	Nevada	37-1590746
	(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	3820 Mansell Road, Suite 400 Alpharetta, GA	30022
	(Address of Principal Executive Offices)	(Zip Code)
	<u>(770) 99</u>	
	(Registrant's telephone nun	nber, including area code)
	<b>N</b> /2	A
	(Former name, former address and former	fiscal year, if changed since last report)
Securities regist	tered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None	
luring the prec		d to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 t was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing
	(§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or	very Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 o for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files)
merging growt		accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an erated filer", "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company"

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  $[\ ]$  No  $[\ ]$  No  $[\ ]$  N/A [X]

or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. [ ]

## ASHTON WOODS USA L.L.C. INDEX TO FORM 10-Q

PART I.	FINANCL	AL INFORMATION	<u>PAGE</u>
	Item 1.	Financial Statements	
		Review Report of Independent Auditors	3
		<b>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets</b>	5
		<b>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income</b>	6
		<b>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Members' Equity</b>	7
		<b>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</b>	8
		Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	10
	Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	32
	Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	53
	Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	53
PART II.	OTHER I	NFORMATION	
	Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	53
	Item 1A.	Risk Factors	53
	Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	53
	Items 3-6.	Not Applicable	-



Ernst & Young LLP 55 Ivan Allen Jr Blvd Suite 1000 Atlanta, GA 30308 Tel: +1 404 874 8300 ey.com

#### **Review Report of Independent Auditors**

The Members of Ashton Woods USA L.L.C.

#### **Results of Review of Interim Financial Information**

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated financial statements of Ashton Woods USA L.L.C., which comprise the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of February 29, 2024, and the related condensed consolidated statements of income for the three- and nine-month periods ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023, condensed consolidated statements of changes in members' equity for each of the three-month periods in the period from May 31, 2023 to February 29, 2024, and condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine-month periods ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "interim financial information").

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying condensed interim financial information for it to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Review Results**

We conducted our reviews in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) applicable to reviews of interim financial information. A review of condensed interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. A review of condensed interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, the objective of which is an expression of an opinion regarding the financial information as a whole, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our review. We believe that the results of the review procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Interim Financial Information**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the condensed interim financial information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of interim financial information that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Ernst & Young LLP 55 Ivan Allen Jr Blvd Suite 1000 Atlanta, GA 30308 Tel: +1 404 874 8300 ey.com

Ernst + Young LLP

#### Report on Condensed Balance Sheet as of May 31, 2023

We have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the consolidated balance sheet as of May 31, 2023, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited consolidated financial statements in our report dated July 11, 2023. In our opinion, the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Ashton Woods USA L.L.C. as of May 31, 2023, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited consolidated financial statements from which it has been derived.

March 26, 2024

#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

# ASHTON WOODS USA L.L.C. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands)

	February 29, 2024			May 31, 2023
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	379,018	\$	593,177
Restricted cash		48		8,976
Receivables, net		87,945		84,819
Inventory		1,801,204		1,488,809
Real estate not owned		403,689		243,931
Property and equipment, net		15,043		12,272
Investments in unconsolidated entities		9,238		8,463
Deposits on real estate under option or contract		334,967		298,690
Other assets		52,865		44,233
Total assets	\$	3,084,017	\$	2,783,370
Liabilities and Members' equity:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	211,926	\$	181,606
Other liabilities		285,152		249,221
Customer deposits		39,375		43,756
Liabilities related to real estate not owned		256,102		169,146
Debt		994,039		987,400
Total liabilities		1,786,594		1,631,129
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)				
Members' equity:		1,297,423		1,152,241
Total liabilities and Members' equity	\$	3,084,017	\$	2,783,370

# ASHTON WOODS USA L.L.C. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (In thousands)

	Three months ended					Nine months ended			
	Feb	February 29, 1 2024		February 28, 2023		February 29, 2024		bruary 28, 2023	
Revenues:									
Home sales	\$	900,446	\$	772,165	\$	2,501,394	\$	2,160,365	
Land sales		21,560		_		21,560		4,043	
Financial services and other revenues		9,521		15,221		34,941		36,784	
		931,527		787,386		2,557,895		2,201,192	
Cost of sales:									
Homes		680,509		606,254		1,856,902		1,618,091	
Land		18,591		_		18,591		2,912	
Financial services and other revenues		5,345		9,646		15,704		23,718	
		704,445		615,900		1,891,197		1,644,721	
Gross profit		227,082		171,486		666,698		556,471	
Other expense (income):									
Selling, general and administrative		121,050		98,213		343,488		271,990	
Interest expense		1,551		339		3,731		490	
Depreciation and amortization		2,594		1,614		6,992		4,695	
Other income, net		(3,115)		(4,800)		(9,640)		(5,180)	
		122,080		95,366		344,571		271,995	
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities		3,923		3,955		10,171		7,357	
Net income	\$	108,925	\$	80,075	\$	332,298	\$	291,833	

## ASHTON WOODS USA L.L.C. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY

(In thousands)

	Class A interest	Class B Class C interests		Class D interests		I	Total Members' equity	
Members' equity at May 31, 2022	\$ 393,374	\$ 92,957	\$	540,450	\$	97	\$	1,026,878
Net income	47,517	11,678		62,917		_		122,112
Non-tax distributions	(23,348)	(5,738)		(30,914)		_		(60,000)
Tax distributions	(21,480)	(5,279)		(28,441)		_		(55,200)
Equity-based compensation expense						292		292
Members' equity at August 31, 2022	\$ 396,063	\$ 93,618	\$	544,012	\$	389	\$	1,034,082
Net income	34,884	8,573		46,189		_		89,646
Non-tax distributions	(11,674)	(2,869)		(15,457)				(30,000)
Tax distributions	(18,468)	(4,539)		(24,453)				(47,460)
Equity-based compensation expense	 <u> </u>			<u> </u>		292		292
Members' equity at November 30, 2022	\$ 400,805	\$ 94,783	\$	550,291	\$	681	\$	1,046,560
Net income	31,159	7,658		41,258		_		80,075
Non-tax distributions	(5,837)	(1,434)		(7,729)				(15,000)
Tax distributions	(6,654)	(1,635)		(8,811)				(17,100)
Equity-based compensation expense						292		292
Members' equity at February 28, 2023	\$ 419,473	\$ 99,372	\$	575,009	\$	973	\$	1,094,827
Net income	54,992	13,515		72,814		_		141,321
Non-tax distributions	(20,235)	(4,973)		(26,792)		_		(52,000)
Tax distributions	(12,530)	(3,079)		(16,591)				(32,200)
Equity-based compensation expense	 <u> </u>			<u> </u>		293		293
Members' equity at May 31, 2023	\$ 441,700	\$ 104,835	\$	604,440	\$	1,266	\$	1,152,241
Cumulative effect of accounting change (see Note 2)	(36)	(9)		(48)		_		(93)
Net income	42,494	10,443		56,266				109,203
Non-tax distributions	(15,954)	(3,921)		(21,125)		_		(41,000)
Tax distributions	(3,736)	(918)		(4,946)				(9,600)
Equity-based compensation expense	 					292		292
Members' equity at August 31, 2023	\$ 464,468	\$ 110,430	\$	634,587	\$	1,558	\$	1,211,043
Net income	45,124	10,809		58,236		_		114,169
Non-tax distributions	(12,647)	(3,030)		(16,323)				(32,000)
Tax distributions	(22,094)	(5,292)		(28,514)		_		(55,900)
Equity-based compensation (see Note 10)	_	_		_		4,286		4,286
Conversion of Class D Membership Interests to Class A Membership Interests (see Note 10)	5,844	_				(5,844)		_
Members' equity at November 30, 2023	\$ 480,695	\$ 112,917	\$	647,986	\$		\$	1,241,598
Net income	43,051	10,313		55,561		_		108,925
Non-tax distributions	(9,881)	(2,367)		(12,752)		_		(25,000)
Tax distributions	(11,106)	(2,660)		(14,334)				(28,100)
Members' equity at February 29, 2024	\$ 502,759	\$ 118,203	\$	676,461	\$		\$	1,297,423

# ASHTON WOODS USA L.L.C. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

	Nine months ended				
	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023			
Cash flows (used in) provided by operating activities:					
Net income	\$ 332,298	\$ 291,833			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:					
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities	(10,171)	(7,357)			
Returns on investments in unconsolidated entities	10,376	7,051			
Long-term and equity-based compensation expense	63,853	43,505			
Inventory impairments	171	382			
Land deposit and pre-acquisition cost write-offs	1,491	10,812			
Lot option and development contracts intangible write-off	273	3,343			
Depreciation and amortization	6,992	4,695			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Inventory	(401,523)	(121,310)			
Receivables	(3,219)	1,646			
Deposits on real estate under option or contract	(36,384)	(9,883)			
Other assets	(11,974)	(6,270)			
Accounts payable	30,320	4,733			
Other liabilities	(22,480)	(71,056)			
Customer deposits	(4,381)	(19,028)			
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(44,358)	133,096			
Cash flows used in investing activities:					
Investments in unconsolidated entities	(980)	_			
Additions to property and equipment	(9,659)	(7,431)			
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,639)	(7,431)			
Cash flows used in financing activities:					
Borrowings from revolving credit facility	_	_			
Repayments of revolving credit facility	_	_			
Proceeds from liabilities for real estate not owned	153,473	41,472			
Payments related to real estate not owned	(129,963)	(54,370)			
Members' tax distributions	(93,600)	(119,760)			
Members' non-tax distributions	(98,000)	(105,000)			
Net cash used in financing activities	(168,090)	(237,658)			
Change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	(223,087)	(111,993)			
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	602,153	486,705			
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 379,066	\$ 374,712			
Supplemental cash flow information:					
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$ 4,285	\$ 202			
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activity:  Issuance of note payable upon real estate acquisition	\$ 4,946	\$ —			
	Ψ 1,2 10	7			

#### ASHTON WOODS USA L.L.C.

## UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(In thousands)

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets to the total of the same such amounts shown above:

	As of February 29, 2024	As of February 28, 2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 379,018	\$ 366,265
Restricted cash	48	8,447
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$ 379,066	\$ 374,712

Supplemental disclosures of cash flows information:

	Three months ended					Nine mon	ths ended	
	February 2 2024	29,		uary 28, 023	Feb	oruary 29, 2024	Fel	bruary 28, 2023
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	\$ 2	51	\$	883	\$	1,867	\$	1,615

#### ASHTON WOODS USA L.L.C.

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS February 29, 2024

#### Note 1 — Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Operations

Ashton Woods USA L.L.C. (the "Company" or "Ashton Woods") is a limited liability company that, through its subsidiaries, designs, builds, and markets detached and attached single-family homes under the Ashton Woods Homes and Starlight Homes brand names. The Company offers entry-level, move-up, and multi-move-up homes under the Ashton Woods Homes brand name and offers entry-level and wholesale homes under the Starlight Homes brand, the Company offers construction and development services under fee arrangements specifically tailored to the single-family rental industry. In addition, the Company sells completed homes under the Starlight Homes brand, which we typically sell under bulk sales agreements, to real estate investors who purchase the homes for use as rental properties. We refer to such sales as our wholesale home sales. As of February 29, 2024, the Company had operations under the Ashton Woods and/or Starlight Homes brand in or around all of the following markets:

**East:** Atlanta; Coastal Carolinas (Charleston and Myrtle Beach); Greensboro; Jacksonville; Nashville;

Orlando; Raleigh; and Southwest Florida

**Central:** Austin; Dallas; Houston; Phoenix; and San Antonio

Through two wholly-owned title agency subsidiaries, the Company also performs title services in support of its operations and offers or intends to offer title services to its homebuyers and the public at large in all of its operating divisions except Phoenix.

In addition, the Company offers or intends to offer residential mortgage services to its homebuyers and the public at large in all of its operating divisions through two unconsolidated mortgage joint ventures. The Company has an ownership interest of 49% in each of these mortgage joint ventures.

#### (b) Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned, majority-owned, and controlled subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. In the Company's opinion, all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented have been included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### (c) Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Restricted cash may consist of amounts held in restricted cash accounts as collateral for letters of credit issued and outstanding, as permitted by the Company's Sixth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (as amended, the "Restated Revolver"), and other investments.

#### (d) Inventory

In addition to the costs of direct land acquisition, land development and home construction, inventory costs include interest, real estate taxes, and indirect overhead costs incurred during development and home construction. The Company uses the specific identification method for the purpose of accumulating home construction costs. Cost of sales for homes closed includes the specific construction costs of each home (both incurred and estimated to be incurred) and all allocated land acquisition, land development, and related costs based upon the total number of homes expected to be closed in each community. Any changes to the estimated total development costs subsequent to the initial home closings in a community are allocated to the remaining homes in the community.

When a home is closed, the Company generally has not yet recorded all incurred costs necessary to complete the home. Each month, the Company records as a liability and a charge to cost of sales - homes the amount it estimates will ultimately be paid related to completed homes that have been closed as of the end of that month. The Company compares its updated home construction budgets to actual recorded costs to estimate the additional costs remaining to be paid on each closed home. The Company monitors the accuracy of each month's accrual by comparing actual costs paid on closed homes in subsequent months to the amount accrued. Actual costs to be paid on closed homes in the future could differ from the current estimate.

Inventory is stated at cost, unless the carrying amount is determined not to be recoverable, in which case the inventory is written down to fair value in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 360-10, *Property, Plant and Equipment* ("ASC 360-10"). The Company reviews its inventory in accordance with ASC 360-10, which requires long-lived assets to be assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances indicate an impairment may exist. The Company utilizes an undiscounted future cash flow model in this assessment. When the results of the undiscounted future cash flows are less than the carrying value of the community (asset group), an asset impairment must be recognized in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as a component of cost of sales - homes. The amount of the impairment is calculated by subtracting the estimated fair value of the community from the carrying value. ASC 360-10 also requires that assets held for sale be stated at the lower of cost or fair value, less costs to sell. Accordingly, land held for sale is stated at the lower of accumulated cost or fair value, less costs to sell.

The Company recognized inventory impairment charges of \$44.6 thousand and \$0.2 million during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively. The impairment charges of \$44.6 thousand and \$0.2 million on homes in inventory during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, are included as a component of cost of sales - homes in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024. The Company recognized inventory impairment charges of \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million during the three- and nine-month periods ended February 28, 2023, respectively. The impairment charge of \$0.2 million during the three months ended February 28, 2023 is included as a component of cost of sales homes in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income for the three months ended February 28, 2023. The impairment charges of \$0.4 million during the nine months ended February 28, 2023 consisted of \$0.2 million of impairments on homes in inventory, which is included as a component of cost of sales - homes in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income for the nine months ended February 28, 2023, and \$0.2 million of impairments on land that was held for sale, which is included as a component of cost of sales - land in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income for the nine months ended February 28, 2023.

In order for management to assess the fair value of its real estate assets, certain assumptions must be made that are highly subjective and susceptible to change. Management evaluates, among other things, the actual gross margins for homes closed and the estimated gross margins for homes sold in backlog (representing the number or value of sales that have not yet closed). This evaluation also includes assumptions with respect to future home sales prices, levels of sales incentives, construction and development costs, the monthly rate of sales, discount rates, and profit margins, which are critical in determining the fair value of the Company's real estate inventory assets. Given the historical variability in the homebuilding industry cycle, the Company is of the view that the valuation of homebuilding inventories is sensitive to changes in economic conditions, such as interest rates, inflation, the availability of credit, and unemployment levels. Changes in these economic conditions could materially affect the projected home sales prices, the level of sales incentives, the costs to develop land and construct homes, and the monthly rate of sales and cancellations. Because of these potential changes in economic and market conditions, in conjunction with the assumptions and estimates required of management in valuing homebuilding inventory, actual results could differ materially from management's assumptions and may require material inventory impairments to be recorded in the future.

#### (e) Receivables

Receivables at February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	uary 29, 2024	May 31, 2023
Closing funds due	\$ 1,098	\$ 1,469
Land development receivables	66,396	60,380
MUD receivables (1)	7,323	10,076
Other receivables (2)	13,128	 12,894
	\$ 87,945	\$ 84,819

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes certain land development costs to be reimbursed by seven and eleven Municipal Utility Districts ("MUD") in Houston, Texas at February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, respectively.

#### (f) Real estate not owned

Real estate not owned reflects lots under option purchase agreements recorded pursuant to ASC 606, *Revenue From Contracts With Customers* ("ASC 606"), ASC Subtopic 470-40, *Product Financing Arrangements* ("ASC 470-40"), or ASC 810, *Consolidation* ("ASC 810") (see Note 4 for additional information about real estate not owned).

#### (g) Investments in unconsolidated entities

The Company participates in one land development joint venture in which it has less than a controlling interest. The Company accounts for its interest in this entity under the equity method. The Company's share of profits from lots it purchases from this joint venture is deferred and treated as a reduction of the cost basis of land purchased from the entity.

The Company offers or intends to offer residential mortgage services to its homebuyers and the public at large in all of its operating divisions through two unconsolidated mortgage joint ventures. The Company has an ownership interest of 49% in each of these mortgage joint ventures. The Company's investments in these mortgage joint ventures are accounted for under the equity method.

Investments in unconsolidated entities are evaluated for other-than-temporary impairment during each reporting period pursuant to ASC Subtopic 323-10, *Investments—Equity Method and Joint Ventures*. A series of operating losses or other factors may indicate an other-than-temporary decrease in the value of the Company's investment in an unconsolidated entity. The amount of impairment recognized is the excess of the investment's carrying value over its estimated fair value. The Company did not have any other-than-temporary impairments during the three or nine months ended February 29, 2024 or February 28, 2023 related to its investments in unconsolidated entities.

#### (h) Deposits and pre-acquisition costs

Deposits and pre-acquisition costs related to purchase agreements are capitalized when paid and classified in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets as deposits on real estate under option or contract (for deposits) and other assets (for pre-acquisition costs) until the related land is acquired. These costs are transferred to inventory at the time the land or lots are acquired. Alternatively, in the case of off-balance sheet financing arrangements, pre-acquisition costs are transferred to inventory simultaneous to executing the option agreement to acquire land or lots. Nonrefundable deposits and pre-acquisition costs are charged to expense when the real estate purchase is no longer considered probable. If the Company intends to terminate a purchase agreement, it records a charge to earnings for the costs associated with the purchase agreement in the period such a decision is made. This expense is included as a component of cost of sales – homes in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income and totaled \$0.3 million and \$1.5 million for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, and \$0.4 million and \$10.8 million for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes amounts due from utility companies, rebates due from trade partners, drawn amounts due from salespersons, and a loan to one of the Company's executive officers relating to the officer's income tax obligations arising from a Class D equity award (see Note 11 for additional discussion of this loan receivable).

#### (i) Property and equipment, net

Property and equipment is recorded at cost. Depreciation and amortization are generally recorded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from two to five years. Depreciable lives for leasehold improvements reflect the lesser of the economic life of the asset or the term of the lease. Repairs and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred. The Company's property and equipment at February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	February 29, 2024			May 31, 2023
Office furniture and equipment	\$	2,825	\$	2,765
Sales offices, design studios, and model furnishings		27,639		21,647
Leasehold improvements		4,639		4,545
		35,103		28,957
Accumulated depreciation and amortization <sup>(1)</sup>		(20,060)		(16,685)
	\$	15,043	\$	12,272

#### (1) Net of retirements and disposals.

Depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$2.6 million and \$7.0 million for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, and \$1.6 million and \$4.7 million for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively.

#### (j) Revenue recognition

With respect to home sales revenues, revenue from a home sale is recognized when we have satisfied the performance obligation in the home sales contract, which is generally at the time of the closing of each sale, when title to and possession of the property are transferred to the buyer. The revenue recognized for each home sale includes the base sales price of the home, as well as any purchased options and upgrades, and is reduced for any sales price and financing incentives. Our performance obligation to deliver the agreed-upon home is generally satisfied in less than one year from the original contract date. Home sale contract assets consist of cash from home closings in transit or held in escrow for our benefit, which is typically received within two days of the home closing. Home sale contract assets totaled \$1.1 million and \$1.5 million at February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, respectively, and are classified as receivables, net in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. Home sale contract liabilities include customer deposit liabilities related to sold but undelivered homes and wholesale home sales customer deposit liabilities to secure the purchase of homes or land in future communities or future phases of existing communities, which totaled \$39.4 million and \$43.8 million at February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, respectively. Of the customer deposit liabilities at May 31, 2023, \$36.6 million was recognized in home sales revenues during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 upon the closing of the related homes. Also included in home sales revenues are our wholesale home sales within our Starlight Homes brand. Wholesale home sales primarily consist of completed homes sold under bulk sales agreements to real estate investors who purchase the homes for use as rental properties.

See Note 1(1) for additional discussion of warranties and obligations associated with home sales revenues.

With respect to land sales revenues, we periodically elect to sell parcels of land or lots. These land and lot sales are generally outright sales of specified land parcels with cash consideration due on the closing date, which is generally when performance obligations are satisfied. Land sale contract assets consist of cash from closed land sales in transit or held in escrow for our benefit, which is typically received within two days of closing on the land sale. Land sale contract assets are classified as receivables, net in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. Land sale contract liabilities consist of customer deposit liabilities related to land parcels under contract for sale. There were no land sale contract assets or liabilities at February 29, 2024 or May 31, 2023.

With respect to financial services and other revenues, financial services revenues, which are not within the scope of ASC 606, primarily consist of title premium income earned from the provision of title services for homebuyers. Other revenues consist of revenue from forfeited customer deposits that is recognized upon cancellation of the home sales contract when the Company is contractually entitled to retain the deposit and other miscellaneous customer revenue that is recognized when the related performance obligation is satisfied. Other revenues also include

revenues from fee development, development oversight, and/or construction services pursuant to agreements entered into by the Company with third-party property owners specifically tailored to the single-family rental industry. For these types of contracts, the Company recognizes revenue based on the actual total costs it has incurred plus the applicable fee. In accordance with ASC 606, the Company applies the percentage-of-completion method, using the cost-to-cost approach, as it most accurately measures the progress of our efforts in satisfying our obligations within the fee building agreements. Under this approach, revenue is earned in proportion to total costs incurred divided by total costs expected to be incurred. In the course of providing fee development, development oversight, and/or construction services, the Company routinely subcontracts for services and incurs other direct costs. These costs are typically passed through to the property owners and, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), are included in the Company's financial services and other revenues and cost of sales financial services and other revenues in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income.

ASC 606 provides certain practical expedients that limit some accounting treatments and disclosure requirements. Accordingly, we do not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts with an original expected length of one year or less. As of February 29, 2024, the expected revenue to be recognized relating to unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts with an original expected length greater than one year is \$125.6 million, all of which is related to fee development, development oversight, and/or construction services pursuant to agreements entered into by the Company with either an affiliate of certain of the beneficial owners of the Company's equity or their affiliates (individually and collectively, the "Investors") or third-party property owners. We expect to recognize the revenue relating to unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts with an original expected length greater than one year by the end of fiscal year 2026.

#### (k) Prepaid expenses

Included in other assets are prepaid expenses of \$22.4 million and \$13.5 million as of February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, respectively, which is predominantly comprised of prepaid insurance, fees, permits, and software licenses.

#### (1) Warranty costs

The Company provides its homebuyers with limited warranties that generally provide for specified coverages, including, for example, structural coverage, coverage for plumbing, electrical and heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems, and coverage for workmanship and materials. Warranty liabilities are initially established on a per home basis by charging cost of sales - homes and establishing a warranty liability for each home delivered to cover expected costs of materials and labor during the warranty period. The amounts accrued are based on management's estimate of expected warranty-related costs under all unexpired warranty coverage periods. The Company's warranty liability is based upon historical warranty cost experience in each operating division and is adjusted as appropriate to reflect qualitative risks associated with the types of homes built and the geographic areas in which they are built. The Company's warranty liability is included in other liabilities in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Presented below are summaries of the activity in the Company's warranty liability account for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023 (in thousands):

	Three months ended					Nine months ended				
	Feb	oruary 29, 2024	Fe	bruary 28, 2023	Fo	ebruary 29, 2024	Fe	bruary 28, 2023		
Warranty liability, beginning of period	\$	18,683	\$	13,904	\$	17,242	\$	15,000		
Costs accrued during period		5,449		5,855		17,054		15,710		
Costs incurred during period		(5,229)		(4,775)		(15,393)		(15,726)		
Warranty liability, end of period	\$	18,903	\$	14,984	\$	18,903	\$	14,984		

#### (m) Advertising costs

The Company expenses advertising costs as they are incurred. Advertising expense, which is included in selling, general and administrative expense in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income, was

approximately \$3.1 million and \$7.5 million for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, and \$1.9 million and \$4.0 million for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively.

#### (n) Long-term incentive plan

The Company offers a long-term incentive compensation program designed to align the interests of the Company and its executives by enabling key employees to participate in the Company's future growth through the issuance of performance shares, which are the equivalent of phantom equity awards. The Company's performance shares are accounted for pursuant to ASC Subtopic 710-10-25-9 to 25-11, *Deferred Compensation Arrangements*, as the value is not based on the shares of a comparable set of public builders or other equity instruments, but is based on the book value of equity of the Company. The Company measures the value of the performance shares on a quarterly basis using the intrinsic value method. Additional compensation expense may be recognized subsequent to completion of the vesting period for appreciation-only performance shares. See Note 12 for additional discussion regarding the Company's long-term incentive plan.

#### (o) Income taxes

The Company operates as a limited liability company and is treated as a partnership for income tax purposes. Accordingly, the Company incurs no liability for federal and most state income taxes, since the taxable income or loss is passed through to its Members, but incurs liabilities for certain state taxes payable directly by the Company. The Company calculates its Members' potential tax liability related to their share of the Company's taxable income and may make distributions to such Members to allow them to satisfy their tax liability, subject to limitations contained in the Company's Restated Revolver and in the indentures governing its 6.625% Senior Notes due 2028 (the "2028 Notes"), its 4.625% Senior Notes due 2029 (the "2029 Notes"), and its 4.625% Senior Notes due 2030 (the "2030 Notes"). Any tax distributions made to the Members are treated as a reduction of equity. The Company made tax distributions to its Members of \$93.6 million and \$119.8 million during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023, respectively.

#### (p) Use of estimates

The preparation of unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (q) Segments

ASC 280, Segment Reporting ("ASC 280"), provides accounting guidance for the way in which companies report information about operating segments. In accordance with ASC 280, the Company believes that each of its homebuilding operating markets, as summarized below, is an operating segment. In accordance with the aggregation criteria defined in ASC 280, the Company has grouped its homebuilding operations into two reportable segments as follows:

1) East: Atlanta; Coastal Carolinas (Charleston and Myrtle Beach); Greensboro; Jacksonville; Nashville;

Orlando; Raleigh; and Southwest Florida

2) Central: Austin; Dallas; Houston; Phoenix; and San Antonio

The Company has determined that the homebuilding operating markets within its respective reportable segments have similar economic characteristics and product types, and are similar in terms of geography. The Company's homebuilding operating markets also share all other relevant aggregation characteristics prescribed in ASC 280, such as similar product types, production processes and methods of distribution.

See Note 15 for further discussion of the Company's reportable segments.

#### (r) Risks and uncertainties

Beginning in 2022 and continuing through most of 2023, the U.S. economy experienced significant inflationary pressure with prices of gas, food, and other household goods rising at the fastest rate in over 40 years. To combat the high levels of inflation, the Federal Reserve raised the federal funds rate a cumulative of 525 basis points from March 2022 to November 2023 which led to a significant increase in residential mortgage interest rates. In

December 2023, the Federal Reserve indicated further federal funds rate increases are not likely, and further indicated that reductions could occur during 2024. High residential mortgage interest rates, coupled with elevated inflation in the broader economy and the rising cost of housing, has resulted in pressure on the affordability of single-family homes. Further, while the labor shortages and supply chain disruptions that began during the COVID-19 pandemic have improved, they continue to impact our business operations. The combination of these factors, as well as delays in municipal approvals and permitting, has led to increased costs and elongated production cycles. The current environment makes it challenging to predict the impact that inflationary pressures, high interest rates, governmental delays, war and other hostilities, supply chain disruptions and labor shortages may have on the future performance of our business. As a result, there remains significant uncertainty regarding how recent macroeconomic shifts, the continuing supply chain disruptions and labor shortages, war and other hostilities, and the threats thereof and consequences therefrom, will impact the U.S. and global economies going forward, including the level of unemployment, availability of financing and capital, the health of the residential mortgage markets, consumer confidence, and demand for our homes, and in turn, the impact it will have on our results.

#### (s) Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation; specifically on the consolidated balance sheets as of May 31, 2023, real estate not owned of \$243.9 million has been reclassified from other assets to its own line item, and liabilities related to real estate not owned of \$169.1 million has been reclassified from other liabilities to its own line item. Further, the presentation of cash inflows and outflows associated with real estate not owned transactions accounted for under ASC 606 or ASC 470-40, which were previously presented within the operating activities section of the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of cash flows have been reclassified within the financing activities section of the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of cash flows to align with industry practice. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported total assets, total liabilities, total Members' equity, results of operations, nor the change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash for the nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023.

#### (t) Subsequent events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 26, 2024. This date represents the date on which the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

On March 26, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") approved a tax distribution totaling \$34.2 million in the aggregate to the Company's Members.

Subsequent to February 29, 2024, the Board approved non-tax distributions totaling \$28.8 million to the Company's Members.

#### Note 2 — Pending and Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures ("ASU 2023-07"). ASU 2023-07 requires disclosure of significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") and included within each reported measure of segment profit or loss, an amount and description of its composition for other segment items to reconcile to segment profit or loss, and the title and position of the entity's CODM. The amendments in this update also expand the interim segment disclosure requirements. ASU 2023-07 will be effective for our fiscal year ending May 31, 2025 and for interim periods starting in the first quarter of our fiscal year ending May 31, 2026. Early adoption is permitted and the amendments in this update are required to be applied on a retrospective basis. The Company is currently reviewing the impact that the adoption of ASU 2023-07 may have on its condensed consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

On June 1, 2023, we adopted FASB ASU No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments* ("ASU 2016-13"), which changes the impairment model for most financial assets and certain other instruments from an "incurred loss" approach to a new "expected credit loss" methodology. The standard requires an entity to recognize the effects of adopting the new standard as a cumulative effect adjustment to opening retained earnings in the period of adoption. The adoption of ASU 2016-13 did not have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements or disclosures.

#### Note 3— Inventory

Inventory consisted of the following at February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023 (in thousands):

	February 29, 2024			May 31, 2023
Homes under construction and finished homes	\$	1,078,885	\$	850,586
Finished lots		480,364		382,172
Land under development		155,413		166,079
Land held for future development		82,144		89,168
Land held for sale		4,398		804
	\$	1,801,204	\$	1,488,809

The Company capitalizes all interest incurred to the extent its qualifying assets meet or exceed its debt obligations. If qualifying assets are less than the Company's debt obligations, there are limits on the amount of interest that can be capitalized, and the remainder of interest incurred must be directly expensed. The Company directly expensed interest of \$1.6 million and \$3.7 million for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, and \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively, in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income.

The following table summarizes interest costs incurred, charged to cost of sales and directly expensed during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023 (in thousands):

	Three months ended					ended		
	Feb	oruary 29, 2024	Fe	bruary 28, 2023	Fe	bruary 29, 2024	Fe	bruary 28, 2023
Capitalized interest, beginning of period	\$	34,063	\$	32,404	\$	28,068	\$	25,000
Interest incurred		14,058		13,961		42,010		41,864
Interest amortized to cost of sales - homes		(11,406)		(13,125)		(31,183)		(33,473)
Interest amortized to cost of sales - land		(534)				(534)		_
Interest expensed		(1,551)		(339)		(3,731)		(490)
Capitalized interest, end of period	\$	34,630	\$	32,901	\$	34,630	\$	32,901

#### Note 4 — Real Estate Not Owned

In the ordinary course of business, the Company enters into lot purchase agreements in order to procure lots for the construction of homes in the future. Pursuant to these lot purchase agreements, the Company generally will provide a deposit to the seller as consideration for the right, but not the obligation, to purchase lots at different times in the future, usually at predetermined prices. Depending on the circumstances of such lot purchase agreements, "Real estate not owned" may be recorded based on the application of prescribed accounting provisions in accordance with ASC 810 or ASC 470-40. In applying these provisions, the Company regularly evaluates its land and lot purchase agreements.

Pursuant to ASC 810, when the Company enters into a purchase agreement to acquire land or lots from an entity and pays a non-refundable deposit, the Company has concluded that a variable interest entity ("VIE"), for which consolidation may be required, is created because the Company is deemed to have provided subordinated financial support that will absorb some or all of an entity's expected losses if they occur. For each VIE, the Company assesses whether it is the primary beneficiary of the VIE and thus must consolidate the entity by first determining if it has the ability to control the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact its economic performance. Such activities include, but are not limited to, the ability to determine the budget and scope of land development work, if any; the ability to control financing decisions for the VIE; the ability to acquire additional land into the VIE or dispose of land in the VIE not under contract; and the ability to change or amend the existing purchase contract with the VIE. If the Company is determined not to control such activities, it is not considered the primary beneficiary of the VIE. If it does have the ability to control such activities, it will continue the analysis by determining if it is expected to absorb a potentially significant amount of the VIE's losses or, if no party absorbs the majority of such losses, if it will potentially benefit from a significant amount of the VIE's expected gain. If the Company determines that it is the

primary beneficiary of the VIE, it will consolidate the VIE in its financial statements and reflect such assets as "Real estate not owned" and the related liabilities as "Liabilities related to real estate not owned". At February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, no purchase contracts or investments in unconsolidated entities were determined to require consolidation under ASC 810.

Pursuant to ASC 470-40, if a buying entity participates in an arrangement in which it is economically compelled to purchase land, then the entity is required to consolidate such arrangement. In an effort to balance the amount of land and lots owned relative to the amount of land and lots controlled, the Company enters into arrangements in which it identifies lots that it desires to purchase, finds an investor to purchase the lots and then enters into option purchase agreements with the investor to acquire the lots in staged takedowns. In consideration for such options, the Company generally makes nonrefundable deposits. While the Company is generally not obligated to purchase the lots that are the subject of such agreements, it would forfeit the remaining deposits if the lots are not purchased. Although the Company is not obligated to purchase the lots under option unless it enters into a contract with specific performance obligations, if, at the reporting date, the Company believes that due to the terms of the purchase contracts it is compelled to purchase the lots under option, the Company will record "Real estate not owned" and the related liabilities as "Liabilities related to real estate not owned" in connection with such option purchase agreements. At February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, the Company had one lot purchase agreement with the Investors that is accounted for pursuant to ASC 470-40. At February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, the Company recorded real estate not owned of \$26.0 million related to this lot purchase agreement accounted for pursuant to ASC 470-40 and liabilities related to real estate not owned of \$18.2 million, which is net of a cash deposit to the seller of \$7.8 million.

Based on the provisions of ASC Subtopic 606-10, a seller may not recognize as a sale property it has sold if the seller has an obligation or a right to repurchase lots and if the repurchase agreement is considered to be a financing arrangement. ASC 606 considers a repurchase option contract to be a financing arrangement, in accordance with ASC Subtopic 606-10-55-70, if the seller will repurchase the lots for an amount that is equal to or greater than the original selling price of the asset. Therefore, if the Company enters into lot purchase option agreements for land it has concurrently sold and determines that the repurchase agreement is considered to be a financing arrangement, the Company records the lots subject to such sale as "Real estate not owned" and the related liabilities under the lot purchase option agreement as "Liabilities related to real estate not owned". At February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, the Company recorded real estate not owned of \$377.7 million and \$217.9 million, respectively, and \$237.9 million and \$150.9 million of liabilities related to real estate not owned, respectively, which is net of cash deposits of \$139.8 million and \$67.0 million, respectively, for the sale of lots because its repurchase agreements related to the real estate were considered to be financing arrangements. While these option agreements contain no specific performance obligations, should the Company choose not to purchase the land, it will forfeit the deposited amount.

Note 5 — Other Assets

Other assets at February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	ruary 29, 2024	May 31, 2023
Right-of-use assets <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 12,809	\$ 13,675
Prepaid expenses	22,436	13,512
Lot option and development contracts intangible	2,204	3,012
Architecture plans	4,861	4,592
Deferred financing costs	1,830	2,547
Pre-acquisition costs	6,100	5,021
Other	 2,625	1,874
	\$ 52,865	\$ 44,233

(1) See Note 14, Leases, for additional information

The lot option and development contracts intangible is comprised of the fair value adjustment recorded in accordance with the purchase price accounting for the Company's acquisition of substantially all of the assets of Capitol City Homes, LLC ("Capitol City Homes") during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022. The fair value adjustment recorded as of the acquisition date represented the difference between the contractual purchase price of lots under option and the estimated fair value of such lots as of the acquisition date. Significant assumptions

included in the Company's estimate of the fair value of the lots under such lot option and development contracts included market comparisons, gross margin comparisons, future development costs, and the timing of the completion of development activities. The lot option and development contracts intangible fair value is amortized to inventory as lots are purchased in accordance with the acquired contracts. During the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, \$48.0 thousand and \$0.5 million, respectively, of the lot option and development contracts intangible fair value was allocated to inventory upon the purchase of lots in accordance with the terms of the acquired contracts. The Company allocated \$0.5 million and \$1.5 million of the lot option and development contracts intangible fair value to inventory upon the purchase of lots in accordance with the terms of the acquired contracts during the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. In addition, the Company wrote-off \$0.3 million and \$3.3 million of the lot option and development contracts intangible during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023, respectively, upon the termination of lot option contracts acquired in the Capitol City Homes acquisition. The corresponding charges against earnings are included as a component of cost of sales – homes in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income for the nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023.

Architecture plans are comprised of the costs incurred related to architecture plans, associated engineering costs, and interactive floor plans for house plans, and are amortized through cost of sales - homes on a per home basis.

Deferred financing costs included in other assets are comprised of costs incurred in connection with obtaining financing under the Restated Revolver. The Company did not incur any deferred financing fees during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023, respectively, related to the Company's Restated Revolver.

See Note 1(h) for additional information on pre-acquisition costs.

#### Note 6 — Investments in Unconsolidated Entities

The Company enters into land joint ventures from time to time as a means of accessing larger parcels of land and lot positions, managing its risk profile and leveraging its capital base. As of February 29, 2024, the Company had an equity investment in one land joint venture with the Investors. The Company has a 49% limited partner non-controlling interest in this joint venture and has accounted for it under the equity method. The partners generally share profits and losses in accordance with their ownership interests. As of February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, the Company had recorded \$1.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, for its investment in this unconsolidated entity in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company has entered into a services agreement with the joint venture to provide accounting and administrative services to the joint venture. The Company receives a monthly fee of \$6,000 for these services that is included in other income, net in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income. As of February 29, 2024, the joint venture had no debt outstanding.

The Company offers or intends to offer residential mortgage services to its homebuyers and the public at large in all of its operating divisions through two unconsolidated mortgage joint ventures. The Company has an ownership interest of 49% in each of these mortgage joint ventures. The Company's investments in these mortgage joint ventures are accounted for under the equity method. The debt of these mortgage joint ventures is non-recourse to the Company.

Summarized condensed combined unaudited financial information related to unconsolidated entities that are accounted for using the equity method as of February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, and for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023, was as follows (in thousands):

	Fel	bruary 29, 2024	 May 31, 2023
Assets:			
Cash	\$	11,679	\$ 11,039
Mortgage notes receivable		108,079	143,955
Real estate		2,156	722
Other		2,013	2,186
Total assets	\$	123,927	\$ 157,902
Liabilities and equity:			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other accruals	\$	5,405	\$ 6,125
Notes payable (1)		99,771	134,606
Total liabilities		105,176	140,731
Equity		18,751	17,171
Total liabilities and equity	\$	123,927	\$ 157,902

(1) The notes payable balance at February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023 is comprised of outstanding balances on three warehouse lines. The warehouse lines are non-recourse to the Company.

	Three months ended			Nine months ended				
	February 29, 2024		February 28, 2023		February 29, 2024		Fe	bruary 28, 2023
Revenues:								
Financial services	\$	15,955	\$	13,612	\$	42,030	\$	30,504
Total revenues		15,955		13,612		42,030		30,504
Gross profit		10,338		9,615		27,150		19,309
General and administrative expenses:								
Financial services		2,327		1,566		6,389		4,672
Lot sales		5				5		4
Total general and administrative expenses		2,332		1,566		6,394		4,676
								-
Net income	\$	8,006	\$	8,049	\$	20,756	\$	14,633

#### Note 7 — Debt

Debt at February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	February 29, 2024			May 31, 2023
6.625% Notes due 2028 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	248,040	\$	247,601
4.625% Notes due 2029 (2)		346,738		346,216
4.625% Notes due 2030 (3)		394,315		393,583
Note payable		4,946		
	\$	994,039	\$	987,400

- (1) Net of \$2.0 million and \$2.4 million of unamortized deferred financing costs as of February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, respectively.
- (2) Net of \$3.3 million and \$3.8 million of unamortized deferred financing costs as of February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, respectively.
- (3) Net of \$3.7 million and \$4.3 million of unamortized deferred financing costs as of February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, respectively, and \$2.0 million and \$2.2 million of unamortized discount as of February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, respectively.

#### The 2028 Notes

On January 23, 2020, Ashton Woods and Ashton Woods Finance Co., a wholly owned subsidiary of Ashton Woods ("Finance Co.", and together with Ashton Woods, the "Companies"), issued \$250 million principal amount of 6.625% Senior Notes due 2028 in a private offering pursuant to Rule 144A and in offshore transactions pursuant to Regulation S, promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The 2028 Notes were issued at a price of 100.00% of the principal amount to yield 6.625%.

The 2028 Notes mature on January 15, 2028. Interest is payable on the 2028 Notes on January 15 and July 15 of each year. The 2028 Notes are senior, unsecured obligations of the Company and rank equally in right of payment to all of the Company's existing and future subordinated debt. The 2028 Notes are effectively subordinated to any of the Company's existing and future secured debt, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such debt. The obligations under the 2028 Notes are jointly and severally guaranteed by all of the Company's Restricted Subsidiaries (as defined by the indenture governing the 2028 Notes), other than (i) subsidiaries that have assets with a book value of not more than \$2.0 million and that do not guarantee certain other indebtedness, (ii) Unrestricted Subsidiaries (as defined by the indenture governing the 2028 Notes), and (iii) Finance Co., which is an issuer (all such Restricted Subsidiaries providing guarantees, the "Guarantors"). All of the Company's subsidiaries are Guarantors, with the exception of AW Mortgage Holdings L.L.C. ("AW Mortgage") which holds the Company's interests in two unconsolidated mortgage joint ventures, and which has been designated an Unrestricted Subsidiary pursuant to the indenture governing the 2028 Notes. As of and for the nine months ended February 29, 2024, the Company recognized equity in earnings from AW Mortgage of \$10.2 million and AW Mortgage had \$7.9 million of assets and no liabilities.

The indenture governing the 2028 Notes gives the Companies the option to redeem the 2028 Notes at any time or from time to time, in whole or in part, (a) on or after January 15, 2023 until January 15, 2026, at certain redemption prices set forth in the indenture governing the 2028 Notes together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to and excluding the redemption date, and (b) on or after January 15, 2026, at 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to and excluding the redemption date.

The indenture governing the 2028 Notes contains a number of covenants, including covenants relating to the following:

- Limitations on indebtedness;
- Limitations on restricted payments, including dividends and investments;
- Limitations on transactions with affiliates;
- Limitations on liens;
- · Limitations on asset sales; and
- Limitations on mergers.

As of February 29, 2024, the Companies were in compliance with the covenants in the indenture governing the 2028 Notes.

#### The 2029 Notes

On August 2, 2021, the Companies issued \$350 million principal amount of 4.625% Senior Notes due 2029 in a private offering pursuant to Rule 144A and Regulation S under the Securities Act. The 2029 Notes were issued at a price of 100.00% of the principal amount to yield 4.625%.

The 2029 Notes mature on August 1, 2029. Interest is payable on the 2029 Notes on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The 2029 Notes are senior, unsecured obligations of the Company and rank equally in right of payment to all of the Company's existing and future senior debt and senior in right of payment to all of the Company's existing and future subordinated debt. The 2029 Notes are effectively subordinated to any of the Company's existing and future secured debt, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such debt. The obligations under the 2029 Notes are required to be guaranteed by the same subsidiaries that are required to guarantee the 2028 Notes and 2030 Notes and are jointly and severally guaranteed by the Guarantors.

The indenture governing the 2029 Notes gives the Companies the option to redeem the 2029 Notes at any time or from time to time, in whole or in part, (a) until August 1, 2024, at a redemption price equal to 100% of their principal amount, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to and excluding the redemption date, plus an applicable premium as defined in the indenture governing the 2029 Notes, (b) on or after August 1, 2024 until August 1, 2026, at certain redemption prices set forth in the indenture governing the 2029 Notes together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to and excluding the redemption date, and (c) on or after August 1, 2026, at 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to and excluding the redemption date.

The indenture governing the 2029 Notes contains a number of covenants, which are substantially the same as those contained in the indentures governing the 2028 Notes and 2030 Notes.

As of February 29, 2024, the Companies were in compliance with the covenants in the indenture governing the 2029 Notes.

#### The 2030 Notes

On September 23, 2021, the Companies issued \$300 million principal amount of 4.625% Senior Notes due 2030 in a private offering pursuant to Rule 144A and Regulation S under the Securities Act. The 2030 Notes were issued at a price of 100.00% of the principal amount to yield 4.625%.

On January 27, 2022, the Companies issued an additional \$100 million principal amount of the 4.625% Senior Notes due 2030 in a private offering pursuant to Rule 144A and Regulation S under the Securities Act. The additional 2030 Notes were issued at a price of 97.500% of the principal amount to yield 5.000%.

The 2030 Notes mature on April 1, 2030. Interest is payable on the 2030 Notes on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The 2030 Notes are senior, unsecured obligations of the Company and rank equally in right of payment to all of the Company's existing and future senior debt and senior in right of payment to all of the Company's existing and future subordinated debt. The 2030 Notes are effectively subordinated to any of the Company's existing and future secured debt, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such debt. The obligations under the 2030 Notes are required to be guaranteed by the same subsidiaries that are required to guarantee the 2028 Notes and 2029 Notes and are jointly and severally guaranteed by the Guarantors.

The indenture governing the 2030 Notes gives the Companies the option to redeem the 2030 Notes at any time or from time to time, in whole or in part, (a) until April 1, 2025, at a redemption price equal to 100% of their principal amount, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to and excluding the redemption date, plus an applicable premium as defined in the indenture governing the 2030 Notes, (b) on or after April 1, 2025 until April 1, 2027, at certain redemption prices set forth in the indenture governing the 2030 Notes together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to and excluding the redemption date, and (c) on or after April 1, 2027, at 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon, if any, to and excluding the redemption date.

The indenture governing the 2030 Notes contains a number of covenants, which are substantially the same as those contained in the indentures governing the 2028 Notes and 2029 Notes.

As of February 29, 2024, the Companies were in compliance with the covenants in the indenture governing the 2030 Notes.

#### Senior Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility

On January 28, 2022, the Company entered into the First Amendment to the Restated Revolver, which amended the Restated Revolver, dated as of February 2, 2021. The Restated Revolver provides for, among other things, (i) an aggregate revolving loan commitment of up to \$350.0 million, with up to \$50.0 million available for the issuance of letters of credit and up to \$20.0 million available for swingline loans, and an accordion feature to permit the size of the facility to be increased up to \$400.0 million in the future (dependent upon Company needs and available lender commitments), and (ii) a maturity date of January 28, 2026.

Interest accrues on borrowings under the Restated Revolver at a Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) or alternative base rate, in each case plus an applicable margin that varies based upon the leverage ratio of the Company from time to time.

Availability under the Restated Revolver is based upon a borrowing base formula, determined by applying certain advance rates to certain asset types provided for in the borrowing base.

The Restated Revolver contains affirmative and negative covenants that are customary for credit agreements of this nature, including the following material financial covenants:

- A minimum level of Tangible Net Worth (as defined in the Restated Revolver);
- A maximum Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Restated Revolver);
- A minimum Interest Coverage Ratio (as defined in the Restated Revolver); and
- A minimum liquidity requirement.

Other principal covenants in the Restated Revolver include covenants relating to:

- Limitations on liens;
- Limitations on mergers;
- Limitations on the aggregate value of certain land components that may be owned;
- Limitations on investments;
- Limitations on transactions with affiliates:
- Limitations on payment of certain indebtedness;
- Limitations on permitted indebtedness;
- Limitations on distributions;
- · Limitations on sales of assets; and
- Limitations on restrictive agreements.

In addition, the Restated Revolver permits certain tax distributions to Members and permits certain other distributions to Members if certain conditions are met. As of February 29, 2024, the Company was in compliance with the covenants in the Restated Revolver.

At February 29, 2024, there were no borrowings outstanding under the Restated Revolver and \$21.0 million of letters of credit outstanding. As of February 29, 2024, the Company had available additional borrowing capacity of \$329.0 million under the Restated Revolver based on outstanding letters of credit and the borrowing base formula.

#### Note Payable

On January 8, 2024, the Company issued a \$4.9 million note payable to an unaffiliated third party which matures on January 8, 2026. The note payable has an interest rate of 6.00%. The note is collateralized by the land to which it relates and has no recourse to any other assets or the Company. As of February 29, 2024, the outstanding note payable balance, including accrued interest, totaled \$5.0 million.

#### Note 8 — Other Liabilities

Other liabilities at February 29, 2024, and May 31, 2023, consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Fel	oruary 29, 2024	May 31, 2023
Accrued long-term compensation (1)	\$	140,545	\$ 106,947
Salaries, bonuses, and benefits		57,481	64,462
Accrued interest		11,381	14,885
Lease liabilities (2)		13,771	14,830
Warranty accruals		18,903	17,242
Other		43,071	30,855
	\$	285,152	\$ 249,221

- (1) See Note 12, Long-Term Incentive Plan, for additional information.
- (2) See Note 14, Leases, for additional information.

#### **Note 9** — Customer Deposits

Customer deposits at February 29, 2024, and May 31, 2023, consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Fel	oruary 29, 2024	May 31, 2023
Customer deposits - retail homes	\$	38,865	\$ 40,342
Customer deposits - wholesale homes		510	3,414
	\$	39,375	\$ 43,756

Customer deposits - retail homes are deposits on retail homes that are under purchase contracts that have not yet closed. Customer deposits - wholesale homes are deposits on wholesale homes that are under purchase contracts that have not yet closed, as well as deposits to secure the purchase of homes in future communities or future phases of existing communities.

#### Note 10 — Members' Equity, Amended Regulations, and Ownership

The Second Amended and Restated Regulations (as amended, the "Regulations") of the Company provides for four classes of Members and associated membership interests as follows: (1) Class A Membership Interest, substantially all of which is held by Little Shots Nevada, L.L.C. ("Little Shots"), (2) Class B Membership Interests initially issued to the holders of our former 11.0% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2015, all of which are now held by Little Shots, (3) Class C Membership Interests created in June 2010, all of which are held by Little Shots, and (4) Class D Membership Interests created in March 2022, which may be issued to participants in the Ashton Woods USA L.L.C. Unit Award Plan administered by the Board. The Regulations set forth each Member's respective membership interests and sharing ratio. No Member is required to make any additional contributions to the Company. Subject to certain limited exceptions, including for tax distributions, all items of income, gain, loss, deduction and credit of Ashton Woods will be allocated among the Members in accordance with their sharing ratios, as further provided in the Regulations.

Effective March 30, 2022, the Company and Little Shots entered into a fifth amendment to the Regulations to: (1) create a new class of membership interests, the Class D Membership Interests, and (2) amend and restate certain provisions to reflect the creation of the Class D Membership Interests. The Class D Membership Interests have no voting rights, do not participate in income or loss allocations, and do not participate in tax or non-tax distributions. On April 30, 2022, 208,371 Class D Units were awarded to one of the Company's executive officers (the "Class D Equity Award") as non-cash compensation valued at \$5.8 million.

Effective October 11, 2023, the Company and Little Shots entered into a sixth amendment to the Regulations to convert all outstanding Class D Membership Interests to Class A Membership Interests. Upon the conversion of Class D Membership Interests to Class A Membership Interests, the Company recognized all previously unrecognized compensation expense for the Class D Equity Award. The Company recognized compensation expense, which is included in selling, general and administrative expense in the unaudited condensed consolidated

statements of income, of \$4.6 million during the nine months ended February 29, 2024, and \$0.3 million and \$0.9 million during the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively.

At February 29, 2024, there were 20,837,100 membership interests outstanding, comprised as follows:

	Membership Interests	Ownership percentage	Percentage of membership class
Little Shots Nevada L.L.C.			
Class A	8,027,200	38.52 %	97.47 %
Class B	1,972,800	9.47 %	100.00 %
Class C	10,628,729	51.01 %	100.00 %
Total Little Shots Nevada L.L.C.	20,628,729	99.00 %	
Other Holder			
Class A	208,371	1.00 %	2.53 %
	20,837,100	100.00 %	

#### Note 11 — Transactions with Related Parties

#### Services agreement

The Company is a party to a services agreement with the Investors that provides the Company with a license, as well as development and support, for certain of the Company's computer systems and administrative services. The Company pays a fee of \$1,000 per home closing quarterly, in arrears, for these services, which is included in selling, general and administrative expense in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income. The Company incurred fees of \$2.2 million and \$6.2 million during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, and \$1.9 million and \$5.2 million during the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively, under the services agreement. As of February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, the balance due to the Investors under the terms of the service agreement was \$2.2 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, and was included in other liabilities in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### Lot purchase agreements

The Company is a party to thirteen lot purchase agreements with the Investors. An initial deposit ranging from 15% to 30% of the aggregate purchase price was required under each of the purchase agreements, and there are no specific performance requirements for the Company. The Company is required to record seven of these lot purchase agreements as "Real estate not owned" and "Liabilities related to real estate not owned" in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of February 29, 2024, the total purchase price of 4,663 lots remaining to be purchased under such agreements was approximately \$150.4 million.

#### Joint venture

The Company is a party to a land joint venture with the Investors, which is accounted for under the equity method. The Company has a 49% limited partner non-controlling interest in the joint venture. As of February 29, 2024, the joint venture had \$2.2 million of land inventory and no debt outstanding.

#### Sales of completed homes

During the year ended May 31, 2023, the Company entered into seven wholesale home sales agreements with the Investors. In accordance with these agreements, the Company reported 789 wholesale home orders for an aggregate purchase price of \$249.3 million. The Company closed on 405 of these sales during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 and has closed on 743 of these sales since the commencement of the agreements.

#### Land sales and fee arrangements to construct homes

The Company sold two parcels of land and subsequently entered into two construction and development agreements with the Investors during the year ended May 31, 2021 to develop lots and build a total of 252 homes for a fee. The Company completed the remaining construction on these homes during the nine months ended February 29, 2024.

#### Loan receivable

During the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022, the Company entered into an interest-free loan agreement with one of its executive officers to cover income tax obligations incurred by the officer in conjunction with the Class D equity award (see Note 10 for additional discussion regarding the Class D equity award). The interest-free loan's principal amount of approximately \$2.5 million is to be repaid in annual installments prior to maturity in August 2024. As of February 29, 2024, the balance due to the Company under the terms of the interest-free loan agreement was \$0.8 million and was included in receivables, net in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### Aircraft Services Agreement

On October 17, 2023, the Company entered into an aircraft services agreement with the Investors that provides the Company with access to corporate aircraft for executive travel. The aircraft services agreement has an effective date of September 1, 2023 and will remain in effect until April 1, 2025. The Company's initial payment of \$0.9 million upon the execution of the agreement was included in prepaid expenses, which is a component of other assets in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. Additionally, all routine maintenance and usage charges are expensed as incurred and are included in selling, general and administrative expense in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income.

#### Note 12— Long-Term Incentive Plan

The Company has made, and may continue to make, grants to its executive officers and certain officers and employees under the Third Amended and Restated Performance Share Plan, as amended, (the "Plan"), which is a long-term incentive compensation program designed to align the interests of the Company and its executives by enabling key employees to participate in the Company's future growth. The Plan provides for the grant to participants of full-value performance shares and appreciation-only performance shares, each of which are the equivalent of phantom equity awards. Full-value performance shares allow the participant to receive a cash payment equal to the total value of the performance share on the designated date of payment. Appreciation-only performance shares allow the participant to receive a cash payment equal to the increase in value of the performance share measured from the date of grant to the designated date of payment.

The value of a performance share under the Plan is determined by dividing the Company's book value, as defined under the Plan, by the number of hypothetical shares as defined by the Plan. Generally, except as otherwise determined by the Board upon grant, performance shares awarded under the Plan will vest ratably over three years and will be subject to forfeiture upon the occurrence of certain events, including termination of employment for cause. The Plan provides that performance shares will become fully vested upon a participant's resignation for good reason, the participant's death or disability or a change of control, and with respect to certain grants, upon a termination without cause and an equity sale, as defined in the Plan. In the absence of a payment event otherwise defined in the Plan, the full-value performance share awards pay out after the third anniversary of the award date, and the appreciation-only performance share awards pay out after the fifth anniversary of the award date.

The following table represents a rollforward of the outstanding performance shares for the nine months ended February 29, 2024:

	Full-value shares	Appreciation- only shares	Total shares
Outstanding performance shares as of May 31, 2023	529,908	1,318,416	1,848,324
Performance shares awarded during the period	73,430	146,860	220,290
Shares forfeited during the period	(3,778)	(7,555)	(11,333)
Fully vested performance shares paid	(100,384)	(145,115)	(245,499)
Total outstanding performance shares as of February 29, 2024	499,176	1,312,606	1,811,782
Total vested performance shares as of February 29, 2024	271,102	871,824	1,142,926

The Company's liability for performance shares awarded under the Plan is remeasured quarterly to reflect the intrinsic value of the performance shares that have vested as of the balance sheet date. As a result, the Company may record an increase or decrease in compensation expense in any period. Compensation expense for the full-value and appreciation-only performance shares is included in selling, general and administrative expense in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income.

The total number of performance shares vested as of February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023 were 1,142,926 and 1,246,189, respectively. The Company recorded \$22.2 million and \$59.3 million for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, and \$14.7 million and \$42.6 million for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively, in compensation expense associated with the full-value and appreciation-only performance shares. For the nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023, \$25.7 million (245,499 units) and \$28.5 million (393,210 units), respectively, of vested performance shares were paid out to employees. As of February 29, 2024, and May 31, 2023, the Company's liability for the performance shares was \$140.5 million and \$106.9 million, respectively, which is recorded in other liabilities in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### Note 13 — Fair Value Disclosures

ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This standard establishes a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the significant inputs used to determine fair value. Observable inputs are those that are obtained from market participants external to the Company while unobservable inputs are generally developed internally, utilizing management's estimates, assumptions and specific knowledge of the assets/liabilities and related markets. The three levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Valuation is based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation is determined from quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, or by model-based techniques in which all significant inputs are observable in the market.
- Level 3: Valuation is derived from model-based techniques in which at least one significant input is unobservable and based on the Company's own estimates about the assumptions that market participants would use to value the asset or liability.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, receivables, accounts payable, customer deposits, and the Restated Revolver, as reported in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets, approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturity or floating interest rate terms, as applicable. The factors considered in determining fair values of the Company's communities, when necessary, under ASC 360-10 are described in the discussion of the Company's inventory impairment analysis (see Note 1(d) for additional information about inventory valuations) and are classified as Level 2 or Level 3 valuations.

The following table presents the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Companies' 2028 Notes, 2029 Notes, and 2030 Notes (collectively, the "Senior Notes") and note payable at February 29, 2024, and May 31, 2023 (in thousands):

		 February 29, 2024				May 3	1, 20	23
	Fair Value Hierarchy	Carrying Amount	Fa	air Value		Carrying Amount	F	air Value
Liabilities:								
6.625% Notes due 2028	Level 2	\$ 248,040	\$	248,750	\$	247,601	\$	233,750
4.625% Notes due 2029	Level 2	346,738		317,625		346,216		291,375
4.625% Notes due 2030	Level 2	394,315		360,000		393,583		330,000
Note payable	Level 2	4,946		4,945				
		\$ 994,039	\$	931,320	\$	987,400	\$	855,125

The Companies' Senior Notes and note payable are recorded at their carrying values in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets, which differs from their respective fair values. The carrying values of the Companies' Senior Notes reflect their face amount, adjusted for unamortized debt issuance costs and any discount. The fair values of the Senior Notes are derived from quoted market prices by independent dealers (Level 2). The fair value of the Company's note payable is based on cash flow models discounted at market interest rates (Level 2).

#### Note 14— Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is involved in lawsuits and other contingencies in the ordinary course of business. The amounts demanded by the claimants in these lawsuits and claims may vary widely, with large demands made in certain cases, which are disputed and aggressively defended by the Company. The Company establishes liabilities for legal claims and related matters when such matters are both probable of occurring and any potential loss is reasonably estimable. The Company accrues for such matters based on the facts and circumstances specific to each matter and revises these estimates as the matters evolve. In such cases, there may exist an exposure to loss in excess of any amounts currently accrued. In view of the inherent difficulty of predicting the outcome of these legal and related matters, we generally cannot predict the ultimate resolution of the pending matters, the related timing, or the eventual loss. While the outcome of such contingencies cannot be predicted with certainty, we do not believe that the resolution of such matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows. However, to the extent the liability arising from the ultimate resolution of any matter exceeds the estimates reflected in the recorded reserves relating to such matter, we could incur additional charges that could be significant.

The Company has entered into employment agreements with its executive officers and certain other employees that provide for severance payments based on salary and bonus upon termination without cause, or, with respect to certain of these officers, following a change of control, by the Company without cause or by the executive for good reason.

In the normal course of business, the Company provides letters of credit and surety bonds to third parties to secure performance and provide deposits under various contracts and commitments. At February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, the Company had letters of credit outstanding of \$21.0 million and \$8.4 million, respectively, and surety bonds outstanding of \$223.3 million and \$210.7 million, respectively. As of February 29, 2024, the Company had \$29.0 million of unused letter of credit capacity under the Restated Revolver.

The Company enters into various option purchase agreements to acquire land. In connection with such agreements, the Company has made nonrefundable deposits of \$480.7 million as of February 29, 2024, which includes \$147.6 million of nonrefundable deposits related to purchase and option agreements recorded under ASC 606 or ASC 470-40 (see Note 4). The Company would forfeit the remaining deposits if the lots are not purchased. The total purchase price of lots remaining to be purchased under option agreements with nonrefundable deposits was approximately \$2.9 billion as of February 29, 2024.

#### Leases

The Company leases office space and equipment under various operating leases with varying commencement dates and renewal options for use in our operations. We recognize lease expense for these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term and combine lease and non-lease components for all leases. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are recorded on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets for all leases with an expected term of at least one year. Some leases include one or more options to renew. The exercise of lease renewal options is generally at our discretion. The depreciable lives of right-of-use assets and leasehold improvements are limited to the expected lease term. Our lease agreements do not contain any residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

Right-of-use assets are classified within other assets on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets, while lease liabilities are classified within other liabilities on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities were \$12.8 million and \$13.8 million at February 29, 2024, respectively, and \$13.7 million and \$14.8 million at May 31, 2023, respectively. During the nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023, there were approximately \$1.9 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, of additions to the right-of-use assets under operating leases. Payments on lease liabilities during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023 totaled \$3.6 million and \$3.8 million, respectively.

Lease expense includes costs for leases with terms in excess of one year as well as short-term leases with terms of less than one year. For the nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023, our total lease expense was approximately \$3.6 million and \$4.2 million, respectively, inclusive of short-term lease costs. Sublease income, short-term lease costs, and variable lease costs are not material to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

The future minimum lease payments required under our leases as of February 29, 2024, are as follows (in thousands):

Year ending May 31, 2024	\$ 1,191
Year ending May 31, 2025	4,218
Year ending May 31, 2026	3,969
Year ending May 31, 2027	2,776
Year ending May 31, 2028	2,198
Thereafter	1,139
Total future minimum lease payments <sup>(a)</sup>	15,491
Less: Interest (b)(c)	1,720
Total future minimum lease payments less interest <sup>(c)</sup>	\$ 13,771

- (a) Lease payments include options to extend lease terms that are reasonably certain of being exercised.
- (b) Our leases do not provide a readily determinable implicit rate. Therefore, we estimate our discount rate for such leases to determine the present value of lease payments at the lease commencement date.
- (c) The weighted average lease term and weighted average discount rate used in calculating our lease liabilities were 3.9 years and 6.33%, respectively, at February 29, 2024.

#### Note 15 — Information on Segments

The Company's homebuilding reportable segments are as follows:

Atlanta; Coastal Carolinas (Charleston and Myrtle Beach); Greensboro; Jacksonville; Nashville;

1) East: Orlando; Raleigh; and Southwest Florida

2) Central: Austin; Dallas; Houston; Phoenix; and San Antonio

The following table summarizes revenue, gross profit, depreciation and amortization, equity in earnings in unconsolidated entities, and net income for each of the Company's reportable segments (in thousands):

	Three months ended			Nine months ended				
Revenues:	Fel	oruary 29, 2024	Fe	ebruary 28, 2023	Fe	ebruary 29, 2024	Fe	ebruary 28, 2023
Homebuilding:								
East	\$	432,520	\$	303,015	\$	1,188,374	\$	818,710
Central		467,926		469,150		1,313,020		1,341,655
Total homebuilding revenues		900,446		772,165		2,501,394		2,160,365
Land sales		21,560				21,560		4,043
Financial services and other revenues		9,521		15,221		34,941		36,784
Total revenues	\$	931,527	\$	787,386	\$	2,557,895	\$	2,201,192
Gross profit (loss) (1):								
Homebuilding:								
East	\$	108,147	\$	66,946	\$	312,259	\$	194,133
Central		111,790		98,965		332,233		348,141
Total homebuilding gross profit		219,937		165,911		644,492		542,274
Land sales gross profit (loss)		2,969				2,969		1,131
Financial services and other revenues gross profit		4,176		5,575		19,237		13,066
Total gross profit	\$	227,082	\$	171,486	\$	666,698	\$	556,471
Depreciation and amortization:								
East	\$	1,071	\$	730	\$	3,193	\$	1,889
Central		1,510		869		3,755		2,759
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	2,581	\$	1,599	\$	6,948	\$	4,648
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities:								
East	\$	1,419	\$	1,126	\$	3,604	\$	1,786
Central		2,504		2,829		6,567		5,571
Total equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities	\$	3,923	\$	3,955	\$	10,171	\$	7,357
Net income:								
East	\$	58,336	\$	31,278	\$	171,378	\$	89,111
Central		51,758		48,565		163,311		202,730
		110,094		79,843		334,689		291,841
Other (2)		(1,169)		232		(2,391)		(8)
Total net income	\$	108,925	\$	80,075	\$	332,298	\$	291,833

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes inventory impairments totaling \$44.6 thousand and \$0.2 million for the east segment during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, and \$0.2 million for the east segment during the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. Includes inventory impairments totaling \$0.2 million for the central segment during the nine months ended February 28, 2023. There were no inventory impairments for the central segment during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, nor the three months ended February 28, 2023.

<sup>(2) &</sup>quot;Other" primarily consists of interest directly expensed offset, in part, by reimbursements from in-house design services for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023, respectively.

The following table summarizes total assets for each of the Company's reportable segments (in thousands):

	February 29, 2024			May 31, 2023
Assets:				
Homebuilding:				
East	\$	1,128,661	\$	883,942
Central		1,551,561		1,276,420
		2,680,222		2,160,362
Other (1)		403,795		623,008
Total assets	\$	3,084,017	\$	2,783,370

<sup>(1) &</sup>quot;Other" is comprised of cash, restricted cash, and corporate assets.

The following table summarizes additions to property and equipment for each of the Company's reportable segments for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Three months ended					Nine months ended				
	February 29, 2024		February 28, 2023		February 29, 2024		Fe	bruary 28, 2023		
Additions to property and equipment:										
Homebuilding:										
East	\$	640	\$	1,624	\$	2,706	\$	3,827		
Central		2,682		2,079		6,949		3,604		
		3,322		3,703		9,655		7,431		
Other (1)		_				4		_		
Total additions to property and equipment	\$	3,322	\$	3,703	\$	9,659	\$	7,431		

<sup>(1) &</sup>quot;Other" is comprised of property and equipment additions for the Company's corporate office.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following management's discussion and analysis is intended to assist the reader in understanding the Company's business and is provided as a supplement to, and should be read in conjunction with, the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included elsewhere in this quarterly report and with our audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in our annual report for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2023 ("2023 Annual Report"). The Company's results of operations discussed below are presented in conformity with GAAP.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements included in this report contain forward-looking statements as defined by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, which represent our expectations or beliefs concerning future events, and no assurance can be given that the results described in this report will be achieved. These forward-looking statements can generally be identified by the use of statements that include words such as "estimate," "project," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "foresee," "likely," "will," "target," "could," "seek", or other similar words or phrases. All forward-looking statements are based upon information available to us as of the date of this report.

A forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and, except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events or new information, even if future events make it clear that any expected results that we have expressed or implied will not be realized. Though we are of the view that such forward-looking statements are reasonable, the results in the forward-looking statement may not be achieved. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all such factors.

These forward-looking statements reflect our best estimates and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, many of which are outside of our control, which could cause actual results to differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements and that could negatively affect our business include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Deterioration in homebuilding industry conditions or adverse changes in general economic, real estate construction, or other business conditions;
- The impact of an epidemic, pandemic, or similar public threat, and the measures that federal, state and local governments and/or health authorities implement to address it;
- Raw materials, electrical power, and building supply shortages and price fluctuations;
- High inflation;
- Fluctuations in quarterly results due to seasonality and other factors;
- Fluctuations and declines in the market value of our land and/or homes inventory or land under contract could result in impairments;
- Increases in residential mortgage interest rates and the availability of mortgage financing;
- An increase in unemployment or underemployment;
- High cancellation rates;
- Our potential expansion into new markets and/or acquisitions of other homebuilding companies;
- The availability of undeveloped land and improved lots at suitable prices;
- Our lack of geographic diversification;
- The availability of reasonably priced financing to support our operations;
- Physical impact of adverse weather conditions and regulations relating to climate change;
- Our dependence on key employees;
- The availability and supply of skilled labor;
- Our exposure to home warranty and construction defect claims and changes in immigration laws and policies;
- The availability and performance of our subcontractors;
- Failure of our employees, subcontractors or agents to comply with applicable regulations and guidelines;
- The competitive nature of the homebuilding industry;

- Slower home sales could extend the time it takes to recover land purchase and property development costs and force us to absorb additional costs;
- Risks relating to unconsolidated joint ventures;
- Negative publicity;
- Failures in our financial and operational controls could result in cost overruns and errors in valuing sites;
- Our ability to obtain surety bonds;
- Terrorist attacks or increased domestic and international social, political or economic unrest or instability;
- Technology failures, cybersecurity attacks, breaches, and/or threats, and related exposures;
- Government regulations relating to health, safety and the environment could increase the cost of, limit the availability of our development and homebuilding projects and adversely affect our financial results;
- Government regulations relating to our title and mortgage operations;
- A major health or safety incident;
- Our exposure to various litigation and legal claims;
- The potential that government rulings or legislation could make us responsible for labor law violations of our subcontractors and other parties;
- Our exposure to additional entity-level taxation by individual states and localities;
- We are not subject to various securities disclosure and reporting laws or the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002;
- The level of our indebtedness;
- A downgrade in our credit ratings;
- Our ability to incur additional indebtedness;
- Our ability to generate cash to service existing indebtedness;
- The ability or our controlling shareholders to select our board members and influence our business, including in ways that may conflict with the interests of our bondholders;
- · Restrictive covenants included in our bond indentures and revolving credit agreement; and
- Other factors, including those discussed elsewhere in our 2023 Annual Report under the caption "Risk Factors", over which the Company has little or no control.

#### **Overview and Outlook**

Beginning in calendar year 2022 and continuing through most of 2023, the U.S. economy experienced significant inflationary pressure with prices of gas, food, and other household goods rising at the fastest rate in over 40 years. To combat the high levels of inflation, the Federal Reserve raised the federal funds rate a cumulative of 525 basis points from March 2022 to November 2023 which led to a significant increase in residential mortgage interest rates. In December 2023, the Federal Reserve indicated further federal funds rate increases are not likely, and further indicated that reductions could occur during 2024. High residential mortgage interest rates, coupled with elevated inflation in the broader economy and the rising cost of housing, has resulted in pressure on the affordability of single-family homes. In response to the continued economic uncertainty and affordability challenges faced by consumers, we have actively adjusted pricing and continued to offer sales and financing incentives across all of our markets which has allowed us to remain competitive in our current communities and price our homes to the market in our newly opened communities. As consumer demand for new homes has returned in certain markets, we have been able to raise prices and reduce incentives in select communities within those markets.

Despite affordability concerns and uncertain macroeconomic conditions, there continues to be qualified and motivated homebuyers due to the historical under-supply of new home construction, the limited supply of homes at affordable price points across our markets, the demographic shift towards homeownership, and a strong employment market, which has resulted in wage growth across most sectors, adding to the demand for finished new homes. Given these factors, and the possibility of near-term reductions by the Federal Reserve in the federal funds rate, we believe that demand continues to exist for single-family homes, and as a result, we are continuing to start construction on additional homes, make new land investments, and develop land we own or control, while continuing to focus on maintaining adequate liquidity through the still uncertain times ahead.

#### Business

We design, build, and market detached and attached single-family homes in seven states under the Ashton Woods Homes and Starlight Homes brand names. The Company offers entry-level, move-up, and multi-move-up homes under the Ashton Woods Homes brand name, and offers entry-level and wholesale homes under the Starlight Homes brand name. Our Ashton Woods communities are focused on delivering design and personalization for our homebuyers through collaboration and expertise. Our Ashton Woods sales and marketing strategy leverages our national brand while allowing our operating divisions to customize execution to meet the needs and preferences of our local markets. While Ashton Woods' value proposition is grounded in design and personalization, Starlight is focused on delivering more affordable homes. Our strategy in approaching the Starlight market is primarily to convert renters into first-time homebuyers and to appeal to move-down buyers by offering more affordable homes that include attractive features, without offering customers the opportunity to personalize their homes.

Presented below are certain operating and other data based on buyer profile:

	Three mon	nths ended	Nine mon	ths ended
	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023
Net new home orders (units):				
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	31	72	17	1,017
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	1,267	959	3,082	2,130
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	62	29	147	38
Move-up - Ashton Woods	876	875	2,279	1,815
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	109	86	337	138
Company Total	2,345	2,021	5,862	5,138
Homes closed (units):				
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	164	224	561	603
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	1,050	816	2,893	2,132
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	52	22	142	37
Move-up - Ashton Woods	802	768	2,244	2,133
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	151	87	367	267
Company Total	2,219	1,917	6,207	5,172

	As of February 29, 2024	As of February 28, 2023
Backlog (units) at end of period:		
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	77	821
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	658	535
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	39	20
Move-up - Ashton Woods	860	1,048
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	197	127
Company Total	1,831	2,551

	As of February 29, 2024	As of February 28, 2023
Active communities:		
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	62	51
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	5	3
Move-up - Ashton Woods	68	59
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	8	8
Company Total	143	121

	Three mon	nths ended	Nine mon	ths ended		
	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023		
Average monthly sales per average active community: (1)						
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes (2)	7.0	6.8	5.9	7.3		
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	4.6	4.8	3.6	2.8		
Move-up - Ashton Woods	4.4	4.8	4.0	3.3		
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	4.3	4.1	4.2	3.1		
Company Average	5.6	5.6	4.8	4.9		

- (1) Average active community for the three months ended February 29, 2024, is calculated by averaging the active community counts at February 29, 2024, and November 30, 2023, and for the three months ended February 28, 2023, by averaging the active community counts at February 28, 2023, and November 30, 2022. For the nine months ended February 29, 2024, the average active community is calculated by averaging the active community counts at February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, and for the nine months ended February 28, 2023, by averaging the active community counts at February 28, 2023 and May 31, 2022.
- (2) Includes 31 and 17 wholesale home sales for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively. Includes 72 and 1,017 wholesale home sales for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively.

	Three months ended					Nine months ended				
	February 29, 2024		February 28, 2023		February 29, 2024		Fe	bruary 28, 2023		
Average sales price per home closed (in thousands):										
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	\$	295	\$	348	\$	306	\$	314		
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	\$	322	\$	322	\$	327	\$	351		
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	\$	318	\$	342	\$	328	\$	343		
Move-up - Ashton Woods	\$	463	\$	462	\$	464	\$	468		
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	\$	840	\$	799	\$	802	\$	786		
Company Average	\$	406	\$	403	\$	403	\$	418		

During the nine months ended February 29, 2024, we closed 6,207 homes. Of those closings, 5,298 (85%) were single-family detached homes, while the remaining 909 (15%) homes closed were single-family attached homes.

During the twelve months ended February 29, 2024, the Company added 86 new active communities, while closing out 64 communities. Of the 86 active communities added during the twelve months ended February 29, 2024, 36 (42%) are considered to be entry-level Starlight Homes, 6 (7%) are considered to be entry-level Ashton Woods Homes, 38 (44%) are considered to be move-up Ashton Woods Homes, and 6 (7%) are considered to be multi-move-up Ashton Woods Homes.

#### **Operating Results**

	Three months ended				Nine months ended				
	February 29, 2024		February 28, 2023		February 29, 2024		Fe	ebruary 28, 2023	
Revenues:			(in thou		ousands)				
Home sales	\$	900,446	\$	772,165	\$	2,501,394	\$	2,160,365	
Land sales		21,560		_		21,560		4,043	
Financial services and other revenues		9,521		15,221		34,941		36,784	
	\$	931,527	\$	787,386	\$	2,557,895	\$	2,201,192	
Gross profit:									
Home sales	\$	219,937	\$	165,911	\$	644,492	\$	542,274	
Land sales		2,969		_		2,969		1,131	
Financial services and other revenues		4,176		5,575		19,237		13,066	
	\$	227,082	\$	171,486	\$	666,698	\$	556,471	
Selling, general and administrative expense	\$	121,050	\$	98,213	\$	343,488	\$	271,990	
Net income (1)	\$	108,925	\$	80,075	\$	332,298	\$	291,833	

(1) Because the Company is structured as a limited liability company, income tax obligations are paid by our Members and are not borne by us. As a limited liability company, we periodically make tax distributions to our Members. The Company made tax distributions of \$28.1 million and \$93.6 million during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, and \$17.1 million and \$119.8 million during the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively.

	Three months ended					Nine months ended				
	Fe	ebruary 29, 2024	F	Tebruary 28, 2023	Fe	ebruary 29, 2024	F	Tebruary 28, 2023		
Supplemental data:				(\$ in the	usa	nds)				
Active communities at end of period		143		121		143		121		
Net new home orders (in units)		2,345		2,021		5,862		5,138		
Homes closed (in units) (1)		2,219		1,917		6,207		5,172		
Average sales price per home closed	\$	406	\$	403	\$	403	\$	418		
Backlog at end of period (in units)		1,831		2,551		1,831		2,551		
Sales value of backlog at end of period	\$	835,366	\$	1,056,529	\$	835,366	\$	1,056,529		
Home sales gross margin percentage (2)		24.4 %		21.5 %		25.8 %		25.1 %		
Adjusted home sales gross margin percentage (3)		25.7 %		23.2 %		27.0 %		26.7 %		
Ratio of selling, general and administrative expense to home sales revenues		13.4 %		12.7 %		13.7 %		12.6 %		
Interest incurred (4)	\$	14,058	\$	13,961	\$	42,010	\$	41,864		
EBITDA (5)	\$	125,010	\$	95,153	\$	374,738	\$	330,491		
EBITDA margin (5)		13.4 %		12.1 %		14.7 %		15.0 %		
Total debt to total capitalization ratio (6)		43.6 %		47.7 %		43.6 %		47.7 %		
Total net debt to net capitalization ratio (7)		32.5 %		36.4 %		32.5 %		36.4 %		
Cancellation rate (as a percentage of gross sales) (8)		12.7 %		16.0 %		15.4 %		17.5 %		

(1) A home is included in "homes closed" when title to and possession of the property is transferred to the buyer. Revenues and cost of sales for a home are recognized at the time of the closing of a sale when title to and possession of the property are transferred to the buyer.

- (2) Home sales gross margin percentage is defined as the difference between home sales revenues and cost of sales—homes, expressed as a percentage of home sales revenues. Cost of sales—homes includes the land costs, home construction costs, indirect costs of construction, previously capitalized interest, cost of a reserve for warranty expense, architecture fee amortization, impairment charges, purchase price accounting allocations, closing costs, and preacquisition costs related to real estate purchases that are no longer probable.
- (3) Adjusted home sales gross margin percentage, which is defined as adjusted home sales gross margin expressed as a percentage of home sales revenues, is not a financial measure under GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to home sales gross margin percentage determined in accordance with GAAP as an indicator of operating performance. We use this measure to evaluate our performance against other companies in the homebuilding industry and believe it is also relevant and useful to investors. Adjusted home sales gross margin is home sales gross margin that is adjusted to remove inventory impairments, if any, and interest amortized to cost of sales. The following is a reconciliation of home sales gross margin, which is the most directly comparable GAAP measure, to adjusted home sales gross margin:

	Three months ended			Nine months ended				
	February 29, 2024		February 28, 2023		February 29, 2024		Fe	bruary 28, 2023
				(in thou	ısan	ids)		
Home sales revenues	\$	900,446	\$	772,165	\$	2,501,394	\$	2,160,365
Cost of sales homes		680,509		606,254		1,856,902		1,618,091
Home sales gross margin		219,937		165,911		644,492		542,274
Add: Inventory impairments - homes		45		153		171		193
Interest amortized to cost of sales - homes		11,406		13,125		31,183		33,473
Adjusted home sales gross margin	\$	231,388	\$	179,189	\$	675,846	\$	575,940
Ratio of home sales gross margin to home sales revenue		24.4 %		21.5 %		25.8 %		25.1 %
Ratio of adjusted home sales gross margin to home sales revenue		25.7 %		23.2 %		27.0 %		26.7 %

(4) Interest incurred for any period is the aggregate amount of interest that is capitalized or charged directly to interest expense during such period. The following table summarizes interest costs incurred, amortized to cost of sales, and expensed during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, and February 28, 2023:

	Three months ended			Nine months ended			ended			
	February 29, 2024		February 28, 2023				February 29, 2024		Fe	bruary 28, 2023
				(in thou	ısan	ids)				
Capitalized interest, beginning of period	\$	34,063	\$	32,404	\$	28,068	\$	25,000		
Interest incurred		14,058		13,961		42,010		41,864		
Interest amortized to cost of sales - homes		(11,406)		(13,125)		(31,183)		(33,473)		
Interest amortized to cost of sales - land		(534)		_		(534)		_		
Interest expensed		(1,551)		(339)		(3,731)		(490)		
Capitalized interest, end of period	\$	34,630	\$	32,901	\$	34,630	\$	32,901		

(5) EBITDA (earnings before interest expensed, depreciation and amortization, and interest amortized to cost of sales) is a measure commonly used in the homebuilding industry and is presented as a useful adjunct to net income and other measurements under GAAP because it is a meaningful measure of a company's performance, as interest expense, depreciation and amortization, and interest amortized to cost of sales can vary significantly between companies due, in part, to differences in structure, levels of indebtedness, capital purchasing practices, and interest rates. EBITDA is not a financial measure under GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to net income determined in accordance with GAAP as an indicator of operating performance, nor as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities determined in accordance with GAAP as a measure of liquidity. Because some analysts and companies may not calculate EBITDA in the same manner as us, the EBITDA information in this report may not be comparable to similar presentations by others. EBITDA margin is calculated by dividing EBITDA by total revenues.

The following is a reconciliation of net income, which is the most directly comparable GAAP measure, to EBITDA:

	Three months ended			Nine months ended				
	February 29, 2024		February 28, 2023		February 29, 2024		Fe	bruary 28, 2023
				(in thou	isan	ds)		
Net income	\$	108,925	\$	80,075	\$	332,298	\$	291,833
Depreciation and amortization		2,594		1,614		6,992		4,695
Interest amortized to cost of sales		11,940		13,125		31,717		33,473
Interest expensed		1,551		339		3,731		490
EBITDA	\$	125,010	\$	95,153	\$	374,738	\$	330,491

(6) The total debt to total capitalization ratio consists of total debt (gross principal amount) divided by total capitalization (total debt plus total Members' equity):

	As of February 29, 2024			As of oruary 28, 2023	
	(\$ in thousands)				
Total debt (aggregate principal balance)	\$	1,004,946	\$	1,000,000	
Total Members' equity		1,297,423		1,094,827	
Total capitalization	\$	2,302,369	\$	2,094,827	
Total debt to total capitalization		43.6 %		47.7 %	

(7) The total net debt to net capitalization ratio, which consists of total debt (gross principal amount), net of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash ("net debt"), divided by net capitalization (net debt plus total Members' equity), is not a financial measure under GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to total debt to total capitalization ratio, which is the most directly comparable financial measure determined in accordance with GAAP. We use this measure to evaluate our performance against other companies in the homebuilding industry and believe it is also relevant and useful to investors to understand the leverage employed in our operations and as an indicator of our ability to obtain financing.

	Feb	As of ruary 29, 2024	Feb	As of oruary 28, 2023
		(\$ in th	ousan	ds)
Total debt (aggregate principal balance)	\$	1,004,946	\$	1,000,000
Less cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		379,066		374,712
Net debt	\$	625,880	\$	625,288
Total Members' equity		1,297,423		1,094,827
Total net capitalization	\$	1,923,303	\$	1,720,115
Total net debt to net capitalization		32.5 %		36.4 %

(8) The following table summarizes the cancellation rates (as a percentage of gross sales) by buyer profile for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, and February 28, 2023:

	Three mor	ths ended	Nine months ended		
	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023	
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	<u> </u>	34.5 %	80.5 %	3.6 %	
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	14.9 %	18.0 %	17.3 %	21.0 %	
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	7.5 %	21.6 %	12.5 %	19.1 %	
Move-up - Ashton Woods	10.9 %	12.0 %	12.0 %	19.7 %	
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	5.2 %	9.5 %	5.6 %	19.8 %	
Consolidated	12.7 %	16.0 %	15.4 %	17.5 %	

### **Operating results - Segments**

We have grouped our homebuilding operating divisions into two reportable segments, east and central. At February 29, 2024, our reportable homebuilding segments consisted of homebuilding operating divisions located in the following areas:

1) East: Atlanta; Coastal Carolinas (Charleston and Myrtle Beach); Greensboro; Jacksonville;

Nashville; Orlando; Raleigh; and Southwest Florida

2) Central: Austin; Dallas; Houston; Phoenix; and San Antonio

Presented below are certain operating and other data for our segments:

#### Net new home orders (units):

	Three mor	iths ended	Nine mon	ths ended
	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023
East:				
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	19	_	(19)	440
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	611	324	1,463	774
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	38	1	92	1
Move-up - Ashton Woods	215	301	653	745
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	90	70	293	110
Total east	973	696	2,482	2,070
Central:				
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	12	72	36	577
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	656	635	1,619	1,356
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	24	28	55	37
Move-up - Ashton Woods	661	574	1,626	1,070
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	19	16	44	28
Total central	1,372	1,325	3,380	3,068
Company total	2,345	2,021	5,862	5,138

# Homes closed (units):

	Three mon	nths ended	Nine months ended			
	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023		
East:						
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	83	121	214	272		
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	503	266	1,377	777		
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	29	_	103	_		
Move-up - Ashton Woods	251	290	748	778		
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	138	46	332	129		
Total east	1,004	723	2,774	1,956		
Central:						
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	81	103	347	331		
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	547	550	1,516	1,355		
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	23	22	39	37		
Move-up - Ashton Woods	551	478	1,496	1,355		
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	13	41	35	138		
Total central	1,215	1,194	3,433	3,216		
Company total	2,219	1,917	6,207	5,172		

# Average sales price per home closed:

	Three months ended			Nine months ended				
		ruary 29, 2024	Fe	bruary 28, 2023	Fe	bruary 29, 2024	Fe	bruary 28, 2023
				(in tho	usan	ds)		
East:								
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	\$	295	\$	321	\$	301	\$	312
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	\$	323	\$	347	\$	335	\$	366
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	\$	317	\$	_	\$	326	\$	_
Move-up - Ashton Woods	\$	475	\$	469	\$	483	\$	454
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	\$	850	\$	776	\$	807	\$	746
Total east	\$	431	\$	419	\$	428	\$	419
Central:								
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	\$	295	\$	379	\$	309	\$	317
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	\$	321	\$	309	\$	320	\$	343
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	\$	320	\$	342	\$	334	\$	343
Move-up - Ashton Woods	\$	457	\$	458	\$	455	\$	476
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	\$	733	\$	825	\$	756	\$	824
Total central	\$	385	\$	393	\$	382	\$	417
Company total	\$	406	\$	403	\$	403	\$	418

# Backlog (units) at end of period:

	As of February 29, 2024	As of February 28, 2023
East:		
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	77	349
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	294	222
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	22	1
Move-up - Ashton Woods	257	490
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	167	109
Total east	817	1,171
Central:		
Wholesale - Starlight Homes	_	472
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	364	313
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	17	19
Move-up - Ashton Woods	603	558
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	30	18
Total central	1,014	1,380
Company total	1,831	2,551

## **Active communities:**

	As of February 29, 2024	As of February 28, 2023
East:		
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	34	25
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	3	
Move-up - Ashton Woods	20	21
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	5	7
Total east	62	53
Central:		
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	28	26
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	2	3
Move-up - Ashton Woods	48	38
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	3	1
Total central	81	68
Company total	143	121

	Three mon	nths ended	Nine months ended		
	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023	February 29, 2024	February 28, 2023	
East:					
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes (2)	6.4	4.3	5.3	6.1	
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	5.1	<del></del>	4.1	<del></del>	
Move-up - Ashton Woods	3.7	5.1	3.5	4.1	
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	5.0	3.9	5.0	2.7	
Total east	5.3	4.6	4.6	4.9	
Central:					
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes (3)	7.8	9.2	6.6	8.3	
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	4.0	4.7	3.1	2.7	
Move-up - Ashton Woods	4.7	4.7	4.2	2.8	
Multi-Move-Up - Ashton Woods	2.5	5.3	2.0	6.2	
Total central	5.8	6.4	5.0	4.9	
Company total	5.6	5.6	4.8	4.9	

- (1) Average active community for the three months ended February 29, 2024, is calculated by averaging the active community counts at February 29, 2024 and November 30, 2023, and for the three months ended February 28, 2023, by averaging the active community counts at February 28, 2023 and November 30, 2022. For the nine months ended February 29, 2024, the average active community is calculated by averaging the active community counts at February 29, 2024 and May 31, 2023, and for the nine months ended February 28, 2023, by averaging the active community counts at February 28, 2023 and May 31, 2022.
- (2) Includes 19 and negative 19 wholesale home sales for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively. Includes 440 wholesale home sales for the nine months ended February 28, 2023. There were no wholesale home sales during the three months ended February 28, 2023.
- (3) Includes 12 and 36 wholesale home sales for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively. Includes 72 and 577 wholesale home sales for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively.

#### **Adjusted Home Sales Gross Margin:**

The Company presents adjusted home sales gross margin and adjusted home sales gross margin percentage on a segment basis in the following tables. Adjusted home sales gross margin is a non-GAAP measure. The following is a reconciliation of home sales gross margin of our segments, the most directly comparable GAAP measure, to our segments' adjusted home sales gross margin:

	Three months ended			Nine months ended			ended	
	Feb	oruary 29, 2024	Fo	ebruary 28, 2023	Fe	ebruary 29, 2024	Fe	bruary 28, 2023
Homebuilding East:				(in thou	ısar	ids)		
Home sales revenues	\$	432,520	\$	303,015	\$	1,188,374	\$	818,710
Cost of sales homes		324,373		236,069		876,115		624,577
Home sales gross margin		108,147		66,946		312,259		194,133
Add: Inventory impairments - homes		45		153		171		153
Interest amortized to cost of sales - homes		5,498		4,716		14,629		12,414
Adjusted home sales gross margin	\$	113,690	\$	71,815	\$	327,059	\$	206,700
Ratio of home sales gross margin to home sales revenues		25.0 %		22.1 %		26.3 %		23.7 %
Ratio of adjusted home sales gross margin to home sales revenues		26.3 %		23.7 %		27.5 %		25.2 %

	Three months ended				Nine months ended			
	February 29, 2024		Fe	ebruary 28, 2023	February 29, 2024		Fe	bruary 28, 2023
Homebuilding Central:	(in thousands)				ids)			
Home sales revenues	\$	467,926	\$	469,150	\$	1,313,020	\$	1,341,655
Cost of sales homes		356,136		370,185		980,787		993,514
Home sales gross margin		111,790		98,965		332,233		348,141
Add: Inventory impairments - homes		_		_		_		40
Interest amortized to cost of sales - homes		5,908		8,409		16,554		21,059
Adjusted home sales gross margin	\$	117,698	\$	107,374	\$	348,787	\$	369,240
Ratio of home sales gross margin to home sales revenues		23.9 %		21.1 %		25.3 %		25.9 %
Ratio of adjusted home sales gross margin to home sales revenues		25.2 %		22.9 %		26.6 %		27.5 %

#### **Operating results - Discussion**

# Three and Nine Months Ended February 29, 2024 Compared to Three and Nine Months Ended February 28, 2023

Home sales revenues - Consolidated

Home sales revenues increased \$128.3 million (16.6%) and \$341.0 million (15.8%) for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 to \$900.4 million and \$2.5 billion, respectively, from \$772.2 million and \$2.2 billion for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. The increase in home sales revenues for the three months ended February 29, 2024 was due to an increase in both the number and the average sales price of homes closed compared to the three months ended February 28, 2023. The increase in home sales revenues for the nine months ended February 29, 2024 compared to the nine months ended February 28, 2023 was due to an increase in the number of homes closed.

The number of homes closed increased 15.8% (302 homes) and 20.0% (1,035 homes) for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, to 2,219 and 6,207, respectively, from 1,917 and 5,172 for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. The increase in closings during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 was primarily due to the increased availability of homesites and speculative home inventory, and the improvement of cancellation rates on a consolidated basis from 16.0% and 17.5% for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively, to 12.7% and 15.4% for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively. The increase in closings during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 was also driven by an improvement in the demand for new homes as a result of adjustments in pricing and sales and financing incentives that we began offering during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2023 and continued throughout the nine months ended February 29, 2024.

The average sales price of homes closed increased 0.7% and decreased 3.6% to an average of \$406,000 and \$403,000 for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, from an average of \$403,000 and \$418,000 for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. The increase in the average sales price of homes closed during the three months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the three months ended February 28, 2023, reflects our ability to raise prices and reduce incentives in select communities across our markets as consumer demand has improved. The decrease in the average sales price of homes closed during the nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the nine months ended February 28, 2023, is primarily the result of adjustments in pricing and increased sales and financing incentives, which directly reduce the average sales price of homes closed, that we began offering during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2023 and continued throughout the nine months ended February 29, 2024.

#### Home sales revenues - East segment

Home sales revenues for the east segment increased by \$129.5 million (42.7%) and \$369.7 million (45.2%) for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, to \$432.5 million and \$1.2 billion, respectively, from \$303.0

million and \$818.7 million for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. The increase in home sales revenues for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, as compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, was due to an increase in both the number and the average sales price of homes closed.

The number of homes closed during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 increased 38.9% (281 homes) and 41.8% (818 homes), respectively, as compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023. The increase in closings for the east segment during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, was primarily due to the increased availability of homesites and speculative home inventory and the improvement in the demand for new homes as a result of adjustments in pricing and sales and financing incentives that we began offering during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2023 and continued throughout the nine months ended February 29, 2024.

The average sales price of homes closed increased 2.9% and 2.1% to an average of \$431,000 and \$428,000 for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, from an average of \$419,000 for both the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. The increase in the average sales price of homes closed in the east segment for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, is primarily due to an increase in the number of closings in our multi-move up communities with higher sales prices.

#### Home sales revenues - Central segment

Home sales revenues for the central segment decreased by \$1.2 million (-0.3%) and \$28.6 million (-2.1%) for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, to \$467.9 million and \$1.31 billion, respectively, from \$469.2 million and \$1.34 billion for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. The decrease in home sales revenues for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, as compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, was due to a decrease in the average sales price of homes closed, partially offset by an increase in the number of homes closed.

The average sales price of homes closed decreased 2.0% and 8.4% for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, to an average of \$385,000 and \$382,000, respectively, from an average of \$393,000 and \$417,000 for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. The decrease in the average sales price of homes closed for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023 is primarily due to adjustments in pricing and increased sales and financing incentives made in response to changing market conditions that we began offering during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2023 and continued throughout the nine months ended February 29, 2024. In addition, newly opened communities in the central segment during the twelve months ended February 29, 2024 generally offered lower initial prices and/or had higher incentive offerings compared to new community openings during the twelve month period ended February 28, 2023.

The number of homes closed during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 increased 1.8% (21 homes) and 6.7% (217 homes), respectively, as compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023. Closings for the central segment during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, increased primarily as a result of the increased availability of homesites and speculative home inventory and the improvement in the demand for new homes as a result of adjustments in pricing and sales and financing incentives that we began offering during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2023 and continued throughout the nine months ended February 29, 2024. This increase in demand also contributed to improved cancellation rates in the central segment during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023.

Net new home orders, cancellations, and backlog - Consolidated

Net new home orders and backlog do not have a current effect on our revenues; however, both provide important information about our future revenues and business prospects. New home orders are converted to revenues at the time of the home closing. Net new home orders increased 16.0% (324 homes) and increased 14.1% (724 homes) for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023.

Included in the net new home orders are wholesale home sales to real estate investors. Wholesale homes are sold under bulk sales agreements (see Note 1(j) to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this quarterly report). In the normal course of business, we may also elect to sell one or more homes to buyers who may be real estate investors pursuant to individual retail purchase and sale agreements which are not included in the wholesale home sales reported herein. Sales to real estate investors are opportunistic in nature and the timing and number of sales can vary from period to period. During the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, we had 31 and 17 net wholesale home sales, respectively. The 17 net wholesale home orders during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 includes the termination of a single wholesale home sales contract with a real estate investor during the quarter ended August 31, 2023. There were 72 and 1,017 net wholesale home sales to real estate investors during the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. Excluding the wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, net new home orders increased 18.7% (365 homes) and 41.8% (1,724 homes) for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023. As a result, the average monthly sales per average active community, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, increased from 5.4 and 3.9 for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively, to 5.5 and 4.8 for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively. The increase in net new home orders was primarily due to the improvement in demand for new homes as a result of adjustments in pricing and sales and financing incentives that we began offering during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2023 and continued throughout the nine months ended February 29, 2024.

Our cancellation rates (as a percentage of gross sales) improved across most of our buyer profiles during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023. The lower cancellation rates across most of our buyer profiles were primarily due to improved consumer sentiment regarding market conditions coupled with the adjustments in pricing and sales and financing incentives offered across all of our markets during the nine months ended February 29, 2024. As a result, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, which negatively impacted our consolidated cancellation rate during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 as a result of the termination of a single wholesale home sales contract with a real estate investor during the quarter ended August 31, 2023, our consolidated cancellation rate improved from 15.1% and 20.4% for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively, to 12.8% and 14.6% for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024.

Backlog consists of homes that are under purchase contracts that have not yet closed. Backlog decreased 28.2% from 2,551 homes in backlog at February 28, 2023, to 1,831 homes in backlog at February 29, 2024. The decrease in backlog was primarily due to the increase in the number of homes closed during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 compared to the nine months ended February 28, 2023, partially offset by the increase in net new home orders during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 compared to the nine months ended February 28, 2023.

The sales value of backlog at February 29, 2024 was \$835.4 million, a 20.9% decrease from the \$1.1 billion sales value of backlog at February 28, 2023. Excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, the sales value of backlog at February 29, 2024 was \$811.0 million, a 1.5% increase from the \$799.4 million sales value of backlog excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors at February 28, 2023. The increase in the sales value of backlog, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, was primarily due to a 24 home increase in the number of homes in backlog, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, at February 29, 2024 compared to February 28, 2023.

Net new home orders and backlog - East segment

Net new home orders in the east segment increased 39.8% (277 homes) and increased 19.9% (412 homes) during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023. Excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, net new home orders increased 37.1% (258 homes) and 53.4% (871 homes) for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023. Average monthly sales per average active community, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, increased from 4.6 and 3.9 for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively, to 5.2 and 4.7 for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively. The increase in net new home orders, both including and excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, was primarily due to the improvement in consumer demand for new

homes as a result of adjustments in pricing and sales and financing incentives that we began offering during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2023 and continued throughout the nine months ended February 29, 2024.

Backlog consisted of 817 homes at February 29, 2024, which is a 30.2% decrease from 1,171 homes in backlog at February 28, 2023. The decrease in backlog was primarily the result of the increase in the number of homes closed during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 compared to the nine months ended February 28, 2023, partially offset by the increase in net new home orders during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 compared to the nine months ended February 28, 2023.

The sales value of backlog at February 29, 2024 was \$402.5 million, a 22.5% decrease compared to the \$519.4 million sales value of backlog at February 28, 2023. Excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, the sales value of backlog at February 29, 2024 was \$378.1 million, a (7.7)% decrease from the \$409.6 million sales value of backlog excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors at February 28, 2023. The decrease in the sales value of backlog, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, was primarily due to the 82 home decrease in the number of homes in backlog, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, at February 29, 2024 compared to February 28, 2023, partially offset by an increase in the average sales price of homes in backlog, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, to \$511,000 at February 29, 2024, from \$498,000 at February 28, 2023. The increase in the average sales price of homes in backlog, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, was primarily due to the mix of communities with homes in backlog. As of February 29, 2024, of the 740 homes in backlog, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, 167 (22.6%) of the homes were considered multi-moveup, compared to 109 (13.3%) of the 822 homes in backlog at February 28, 2023, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors. The increase in the percentage of multi-move-up homes in backlog at February 29, 2024 was primarily driven by the mix of active communities in the east segment, as well as the availability of homesites and inventory to sell.

#### Net new home orders and backlog - Central segment

Net new home orders in the central segment increased 3.5% (47 homes) and increased 10.2% (312 homes) during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023. Excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, net new home orders increased 8.5% (107 homes) and 34.2% (853 homes) for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023. Average monthly sales per average active community, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, decreased slightly from 6.0 for the three months ended February 28, 2023, to 5.7 for the three months ended February 29, 2024, while average monthly sales per average active community, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, increased from 4.0 for the nine months ended February 28, 2023, to 4.9 for the nine months ended February 29, 2024. The increase in net new home orders, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023 was primarily due to an increase in the availability of homesites and inventory to sell, as well as the improvement in demand for new homes as a result of adjustments in pricing and sales and financing incentives that we began offering during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2023 and continued throughout the nine months ended February 29, 2024.

Backlog consisted of 1,014 homes at February 29, 2024, which is a 26.5% decrease from 1,380 homes in backlog at February 28, 2023. The decrease in backlog was primarily the result of the increase in the number of homes closed during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 compared to the nine months ended February 28, 2023, partially offset by the increase in net new home orders during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 compared to the nine months ended February 28, 2023.

The sales value of backlog at February 29, 2024 was \$432.9 million, a 19.4% decrease over the \$537.2 million sales value of backlog at February 28, 2023. Excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, the sales value of backlog at February 29, 2024 was \$432.9 million, a 11.1% increase from the \$389.7 million sales value of backlog excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors at February 28, 2023. The increase in the sales value of backlog, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, was primarily due to a 106 home increase in the number of homes in backlog, excluding wholesale home sales contracts with real estate investors, at February 29, 2024 compared to February 28, 2023.

The home sales gross margin percentage from homes closed for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 increased to 24.4% and 25.8%, respectively, from 21.5% and 25.1% for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. The increase in home sales gross margin percentage for the three months ended February 29, 2024 compared to the three months ended February 28, 2023, was primarily the result of both a modest increase in the average sales prices of homes closed and a decrease in the cost of materials and labor, as a percentage of home sales revenues, offset, in part, by an increase in sales and financing incentives for the homes closed during the three months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the three months ended February 28, 2023. The increase in home sales gross margin percentage for the nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the nine months ended February 28, 2023, was primarily the result of a decrease in pre-acquisition cost write-offs and the cost of materials and labor, as a percentage of home sales revenues, partially offset by a decrease in the average sales price of homes closed during the nine months ended February 29, 2024.

Adjusted home sales gross margin percentage from homes closed for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 increased to 25.7% and 27.0%, respectively, from 23.2% and 26.7% for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. These changes in the adjusted home sales gross margin percentage for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023 were primarily due to the changes in gross margins during the comparable periods described above.

#### Home sales gross margins - East segment

The home sales gross margin percentage from homes closed in the east segment for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 increased to 25.0% and 26.3%, respectively, from 22.1% and 23.7% for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. The increase in home sales gross margin percentage for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, was a result of both an increase in the average sales prices of homes closed in the east segment and a decrease in the cost of materials and labor as a percentage of home sales revenues, offset, in part, by an increase in sales and financing incentives for the homes closed in the east segment during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024.

#### Home sales gross margins - Central segment

The home sales gross margin percentage from homes closed in the central segment for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024 increased to 23.9% and decreased to 25.3%, respectively, from 21.1% and 25.9% for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. The increase in home sales gross margin percentage for the three months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the three months ended February 28, 2023, was primarily the result of a decrease in the cost of materials and labor as a percentage of home sales revenues, partially offset by a decrease in the average sales price of homes closed during the three months ended February 29, 2024. The decrease in home sales gross margin percentage for the nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to the nine months ended February 28, 2023, was a result of a decrease in the average sales price of homes closed in the central segment, primarily driven by pricing adjustments and an increase in sales and financing incentives for the homes closed in the central segment during the nine months ended February 29, 2024.

#### Selling, general and administrative expense

Selling, general and administrative expense ("SG&A") totaled \$121.1 million and \$343.5 million for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, compared to \$98.2 million and \$272.0 million for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively. The increase in SG&A for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, as compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, was primarily due to increases in sales commissions due to an increase in the number of home closings and an increase in the number of homes closed with outside sales agents, as well as higher salary and benefit related compensation expenses, and increases in advertising and marketing expenses.

SG&A as a percentage of home sales revenues increased to 13.4% and 13.7% for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, from 12.7% and 12.6% for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively.

#### Land sales

We periodically elect to sell parcels of land or lots. We had \$21.6 million in sales of lots and land during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024. We had \$4.0 million in sales of land and lots during the nine months ended February 28, 2023. There were no sales of lots and land during the three months ended February 28, 2023.

#### Net income

Net income increased \$28.9 million and \$40.5 million to \$108.9 million and \$332.3 million for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, as compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023. The increase in net income for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, as compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, is primarily attributable to the increase in home sales revenues from the increase in the number of homes closed during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, respectively, as compared to the three and nine months ended February 28, 2023, respectively, and higher gross margin percentage during the three and nine months ended February 29, 2024, partially offset by the increase in SG&A as a percentage of home sales revenues, as discussed above.

#### Liquidity and capital resources

#### Overview

We currently fund our operations with proceeds from the sales of homes and land, borrowings under our Restated Revolver and long-term senior note financing. As we utilize our capital resources and liquidity to fund the growth of our business, we monitor our balance sheet leverage ratios with the goal of maintaining reasonable levels. We also monitor current and expected operational requirements, as well as financial market conditions, to evaluate accessing other available financing sources. We may make debt purchases and/or exchanges from time to time through tender offers, exchange offers, redemptions, open market purchases, private transactions, or otherwise, or seek to raise additional capital, depending on market conditions and covenant restrictions.

Over the next twelve months, we expect our principal uses of liquidity and capital resources will be to fund our short-term working capital obligations, land and lot purchases, land development, home construction, overhead expenditures, interest payments, and tax and non-tax distributions to our Members. Beyond the next twelve months, we believe our principal demand for funds will be consistent with our short-term uses, as well as repayment or refinancing of our Restated Revolver which matures on January 28, 2026, and repayment or refinancing of our senior notes, with the first maturity of such senior notes not occurring until January 15, 2028.

The Company's total liquidity, including cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, and available additional borrowing capacity under our Restated Revolver, was \$708.1 million as of February 29, 2024. Based on our existing financial condition and credit relationships, we believe that our operations and capital resources are sufficient to provide for our current short-term and foreseeable long-term capital needs. However, we continue to evaluate the impact of market conditions on our liquidity and will consider, as appropriate, additional funding opportunities.

The total debt to total capitalization ratio consists of total debt divided by total capitalization (debt plus Members' equity). Our ratio of total debt to total capitalization improved to 43.6% at February 29, 2024, from 47.7% at February 28, 2023. The net debt to net capitalization ratio, which, as discussed above, is a non-GAAP financial measure, consists of total debt, net of cash and restricted cash ("net debt"), divided by net capitalization (net debt plus Members' equity). Our ratio of net debt to net capitalization improved to 32.5% at February 29, 2024, from 36.4% at February 28, 2023.

#### Material Cash Requirements

As of February 29, 2024, there have been no material changes to our known contractual and other obligations appearing in the "Liquidity and Capital Resources - Material Cash Requirements" section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our 2023 Annual Report.

At February 29, 2024, we controlled 60,194 lots. Of the 60,194 lots controlled, we owned 18.1%, or 10,889 lots, and 81.9%, or 49,305 lots, were under contract. In the ordinary course of business, we enter into purchase and option agreements in order to procure land for the construction of homes in the future. At February 29, 2024, these

agreements had an aggregate remaining purchase price of \$2.5 billion and cash deposits of \$335.0 million. In addition, we had purchase and option agreements recorded under ASC 606 or ASC 470-40 with an aggregate remaining purchase price of \$665.6 million and cash deposits of \$147.6 million. Pursuant to these land purchase and land option agreements, we generally provide a deposit to the seller as consideration for the right, but not the obligation, to purchase land at different times in the future at predetermined prices. In certain instances, we are required to record the land under option as if we own it.

Senior Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility

On January 28, 2022, the Company entered into the First Amendment to the Restated Revolver, which amended the Restated Revolver, dated as of February 2, 2021. The First Amendment to the Restated Revolver provides for, among other things, (i) an aggregate revolving loan commitment of up to \$350.0 million, with up to \$50.0 million available for the issuance of letters of credit and up to \$20.0 million available for swingline loans, and an accordion feature to permit the size of the facility to be increased up to \$400.0 million in the future (dependent upon Company needs and available lender commitments), and (ii) a maturity date of January 28, 2026.

Interest accrues on borrowings under the Restated Revolver at a SOFR or alternative base rate, in each case plus an applicable margin that varies based upon the leverage ratio of the Company from time to time.

Availability under the Restated Revolver is based upon a borrowing base formula, determined by applying certain advance rates to certain asset types provided for in the borrowing base.

The Restated Revolver contains affirmative and negative covenants that are customary for credit agreements of this nature, including (i) a minimum level of Tangible Net Worth (as defined in the Restated Revolver), (ii) a maximum Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Restated Revolver), (iii) a minimum Interest Coverage Ratio (as defined in the Restated Revolver), and (iv) a minimum liquidity requirement. At February 29, 2024, the Company was in compliance with all of the covenants in the Restated Revolver.

The Company did not utilize the Restated Revolver to fund operations during the nine months ended February 29, 2024. As of February 29, 2024, the Company had no borrowings outstanding under the Restated Revolver and \$21.0 million of letters of credit outstanding.

Senior Note Offerings

On January 23, 2020, the Companies issued and sold, at an issue price of 100%, \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of their 2028 Notes through a private placement to persons reasonably believed to be qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A and in offshore transactions pursuant to Regulation S, promulgated under the Securities Act. Interest on the 2028 Notes is payable semi-annually in cash in arrears on January 15 and July 15 of each year. The 2028 Notes will mature on January 15, 2028. The 2028 Notes are guaranteed by substantially all the Company's subsidiaries and have terms substantially similar to the Companies' 2029 Notes and 2030 Notes.

On August 2, 2021, the Companies issued and sold, at an issue price of 100.00%, \$350 million aggregate principal amount of their 2029 Notes through a private placement to persons reasonably believed to be qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A and in offshore transactions pursuant to Regulation S, promulgated under the Securities Act. Interest on the 2029 Notes is payable semi-annually in cash in arrears on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The 2029 Notes will mature on August 1, 2029. The 2029 Notes are guaranteed by substantially all of the Company's subsidiaries and have terms substantially similar to the Companies' 2028 Notes and 2030 Notes.

On September 23, 2021, the Companies issued and sold, at an issue price of 100.00%, \$300 million aggregate principal amount of their 2030 Notes through a private placement to persons reasonably believed to be qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A and in offshore transactions pursuant to Regulation S, promulgated under the Securities Act. Interest on the 2030 Notes is payable semi-annually in cash in arrears on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The 2030 Notes will mature on April 1, 2030. The 2030 Notes are guaranteed by substantially all of the Company's subsidiaries and have terms substantially similar to the Companies' 2028 Notes and 2029 Notes.

On January 27, 2022, the Companies issued and sold, at an issue price of 97.500% plus accrued and unpaid interest from September 23, 2021, an additional \$100 million aggregate principal amount of their 2030 Notes (the "Add-on Notes") through a private placement to persons reasonably believed to be qualified institutional buyers

pursuant to Rule 144A and in offshore transactions pursuant to Regulation S, promulgated under the Securities Act. The Add-on Notes represent a further issuance of the Companies' 2030 Notes.

#### Note Payable

On January 8, 2024, the Company issued a \$4.9 million note payable to an unaffiliated third party which matures on January 8, 2026. The note payable has an interest rate of 6.00%. The note is collateralized by the land to which it relates and has no recourse to any other assets or the Company. As of February 29, 2024, the outstanding note payable balance, including accrued interest, totaled \$5.0 million.

Our debt obligations are fully discussed in Note 7 to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this quarterly report.

#### Letters of Credit and Surety Bonds

In the ordinary course of business, we provide letters of credit and surety bonds to third parties to secure performance and provide deposits under various contracts and commitments. At February 29, 2024, we had letters of credit and surety bonds outstanding of \$21.0 million and \$223.3 million, respectively. As of February 29, 2024, we had \$29.0 million of unused letter of credit capacity under the Restated Revolver.

#### Off-Balance-Sheet Arrangements

As of February 29, 2024, we are a partner in one land development joint venture in which we have a non-controlling interest. We account for our interest in this joint venture under the equity method. Our share of profits from lots we purchase from the joint venture is deferred until we close on the homes.

As of February 29, 2024, we are a partner in two mortgage joint ventures in which the Company offers or intends to offer residential mortgage services to its homebuyers and the public at large in all of its operating divisions. The Company has a non-controlling interest in these joint ventures. We account for our interests in the mortgage joint ventures under the equity method. Our share of profits is included within equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income.

#### Operating cash flows

Net cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended February 29, 2024 was \$44.4 million compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$133.1 million for the nine months ended February 28, 2023. The primary source of funds from operations is from the closing of homes. The increase in net cash used in operations for the nine months ended February 29, 2024 was primarily due to an increase in the capital invested for inventory.

#### Investing cash flows

Net cash used in investing activities was \$10.6 million for the nine months ended February 29, 2024 and \$7.4 million for the nine months ended February 28, 2023. Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended February 29, 2024 was primarily to furnish and/or update furnishings in model homes and community sales offices.

#### Financing cash flows

Net cash used in financing activities was \$168.1 million for the nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared to \$237.7 million for the nine months ended February 28, 2023. The funds used in financing activities during the nine months ended February 29, 2024 primarily consisted of tax distributions of \$93.6 million and non-tax distributions of \$98.0 million to our Members, offset in part by net proceeds from real estate not owned activities. At February 29, 2024, we had no outstanding borrowings under our Restated Revolver and available additional borrowing capacity of \$329.0 million based on outstanding letters of credit and the borrowing base formula.

#### **Inventory**

As of February 29, 2024, we had the following owned homes in our reportable segments (in units):

	Homes	Under Constr	Co	<b>Completed Homes</b>			
	Unsold	Models (1)	Sold	Unsold	Models (2)	Sold	<b>Total Homes</b>
East	872	14	475	208	74	266	1,909
Central	1,160	12	505	335	87	417	2,516
Company total	2,032	26	980	543	161	683	4,425

- (1) Includes 13 models under the Ashton Woods brand name and 13 sales offices under the Starlight Homes brand name.
- (2) Includes 96 models under the Ashton Woods brand name and 65 sales offices under the Starlight Homes brand name.

As of February 28, 2023, we had the following owned homes in our reportable segments (in units):

	Homes	Under Constr	uction	Co	Completed Homes			
	Unsold	Models (1)	Sold	Unsold	Models (2)	Sold	Total Homes	
East	796	18	786	55	53	107	1,815	
Central	1,081	9	772	202	76	372	2,512	
Company total	1,877	27	1,558	257	129	479	4,327	

- (1) Includes 15 models under the Ashton Woods brand name and 12 sales offices under the Starlight Homes brand name.
- (2) Includes 81 models under the Ashton Woods brand name and 48 sales offices under the Starlight Homes brand name.

As of February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023, the cost of homes under construction and finished homes in inventory consisted of the following (in thousands):

	As of February 29, 2024	As of February 28, 2023
Sold homes	\$ 480,712	\$ 498,554
Unsold homes	540,613	447,609
Model homes	57,560	48,484
Homes under construction and finished homes	\$ 1,078,885	\$ 994,647

As of February 29, 2024 and February 28, 2023, we had the following unsold homes in inventory (in units):

	As of February 29, 2024	As of February 28, 2023
Entry-Level - Starlight Homes	1,433	1,272
Entry-Level - Ashton Woods	107	73
Move-up	987	744
Multi-Move-Up	48	45
Consolidated	2,575	2,134

As of February 29, 2024, we controlled the following residential homes and lots (in units):

	Total Homes	Finished Lots	Land Under Development	Residential Land Held for Future Development	Owned Lots	Lots Under Option	Controlled Lots
East	1,909	1,861	1,908	255	4.024	26,737	30,761
Central	2,516	1,985	1,954	2,926	6,865	22,568	29,433
Total Company	4,425	3,846	3,862	3,181	10,889	49,305	60,194
Percentage of total	controlled	6.4 %	6.4 %	5.3 %	18.1 %	81.9 %	100.0 %

As of February 28, 2023, we controlled the following residential homes and lots (in units):

	Total Homes	Finished Lots	Land Under Development	Residential Land Held for Future Development	Owned Lots	Lots Under Option	Controlled Lots
E 4	1.015	1 1 4 4	2.406	427	2.007	10.026	22.022
East	1,815	1,144	2,406	437	3,987	18,036	22,023
Central	2,512	1,660	2,771	4,525	8,956	19,370	28,326
Total Company	4,327	2,804	5,177	4,962	12,943	37,406	50,349
Percentage of to	tal controlled	5.6 %	10.3 %	9.8 %	25.7 %	74.3 %	100.0 %

In addition to the 10,889 lots we owned at February 29, 2024, we controlled, through the use of purchase and option agreements, 49,305 lots at February 29, 2024. Purchase and option agreements that did not require consolidation under ASC 810, ASC 606, or ASC 470-40 at February 29, 2024 had an aggregate remaining purchase price of \$2.5 billion. In connection with these agreements, we had cash deposits of \$335.0 million at February 29, 2024. In addition, we had purchase and option agreements consolidated under ASC 606 or ASC 470-40 with an aggregate remaining purchase price of \$665.6 million and cash deposits of \$147.6 million (see Note 4 to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this quarterly report).

During the nine months ended February 29, 2024, we acquired 4,546 lots for a total purchase price of \$529.1 million. During the nine months ended February 29, 2024, we spent \$160.2 million on land development and \$9.7 million to furnish and/or update furnishings in model homes and sales offices.

#### Seasonality and inflation

Our historical quarterly results of operations have tended to be impacted by the seasonal nature of the homebuilding industry. We have historically experienced increases in revenues and cash flow from operations during the fourth quarter of each fiscal year based on the timing of home closings. Any period of high inflation is likely to have an adverse effect on us and the homebuilding industry in general since it may contribute to higher land, financing, labor, and construction costs. We attempt to pass on at least a portion of the cost increases to our homebuyers via increased sales prices; however, we may be limited in our ability to increase our prices, if at all. Further, higher residential mortgage interest rates may accompany inflation and affect the affordability of mortgage financing for homebuyers. If we are unable to increase our sales prices to compensate for any increased costs, or if residential mortgage interest rates continue to stay elevated or increase further and continue to affect the ability or desire of potential homebuyers to obtain financing for their home purchases, our results of operations will likely be adversely affected. See "Risks Relating to our Business and Industry - "Our future operations may be adversely impacted by high inflation" in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our 2023 Annual Report.

Our operations are also affected by seasonality in cash use. Our cash needs are generally higher from January to April each year as we complete the spring building cycle.

#### Critical accounting policies and estimates

There have been no significant changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates during the nine months ended February 29, 2024, compared with those disclosed in our 2023 Annual Report.

#### Transactions with related parties

See Note 11 to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this quarterly report for information about transactions with related parties.

#### Pending and recently adopted accounting pronouncements

See Note 2 to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this quarterly report for information about pending and recently adopted accounting pronouncements.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We maintain a mix of variable-rate and fixed-rate debt and our primary market risk exposure for these financial instruments relates to fluctuations in interest rates, which include changes in the U.S. Treasury, SOFR, and other similar reference rates. For our variable-rate debt, our primary exposure is in interest expense.

The borrowings under the Restated Revolver accrue interest at a variable rate. As of February 29, 2024, we had no outstanding borrowings under the Restated Revolver.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Pursuant to Section 4.03 of each of the indentures governing the 2028 Notes, 2029 Notes, and the 2030 Notes, the Company is not required to comply with Section 302 or Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, or related Items 307 and 308 of Regulation S-K promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Information with respect to legal proceedings is incorporated into this Part II, Item 1 from Note 14 to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this quarterly report.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our 2023 Annual Report which could materially affect our business, financial condition, or future results. The risks described in our 2023 Annual Report are not the only risks facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may eventually prove to materially affect our business, financial condition, and/or operating results.

#### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Pursuant to Section 4.03 of each of the indentures governing the 2028 Notes, 2029 Notes and 2030 Notes, the Company is not required to comply with this Item.